

FINANCIAL AND COMPLIANCE REPORT

Year Ended June 30, 2013

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of School Directors Wilson School District West Lawn, Pennsylvania

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Wilson School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Wilson School District, as of June 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Telephone: 610-378-1175 Facsimile: 610-378-0999



Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 15 to the financial statements, effective July 1, 2012, the Wilson School District adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position* and Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedule for the general fund, and the schedule of funding progress and employer contributions - postemployment benefits plan be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Wilson School District's basic financial statements. The schedule of revenues and other financing sources – budget and actual – general fund and the schedule of expenditures and other financing uses – budget and actual – general fund are presented for the purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of revenues and other financing sources – budget and actual – general fund, the schedule of expenditures and other financing uses – budget and actual – general fund, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of revenues and other financing sources – budget to actual – general fund, schedule of expenditures and other financing uses – budget and actual – general fund, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 5, 2013, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Reading, Pennsylvania November 5, 2013

Herlien + Company, Inc.

WILSON SCHOOL DISTRICT 2601 Grandview Boulevard West Lawn, PA 19609 610-670-0180 www.WilsonSD.org



Thomas (Rudy) Ruth, Ed.D. Superintendent of Schools Ext. 1115

Steven Gerhard, Ed.D. Assistant Superintendent Ext. 1143

Beth Bausher Director of Technology Ext. 1103

Lori Lillis
Director of Human Resources
Ext. 1167

Kate Long, Ed.D.
Director of Pupil Services
Ext. 1124

Kristin Kramer
Public Information Director
Ext. 1111

Steve Polonus
Director of Extracurricular Activities
Ext. 1141

Diane Richards, CPA, M.Ed.
Director of Finance &
Support Services
Ext. 1158

Kyle ZeiberDirector of Operations
Ext. 1240

Wilson's Mission:
In partnership with parents
and the community, the
Wilson School District
encourages educational
excellence today for tomorrow's
leaders by accentuating rigor,
building relationships
and creating relevance.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)

The following is a discussion and analysis of the Wilson School District's annual financial performance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

- The District continued to sustain financial growth during the 2012-13 fiscal year. In total, net position increased by \$7.3 million. Net position of governmental activities (which includes the general fund, capital projects fund, and debt service fund) increased by \$7.2 million which represents a 7.9% increase from 2012. Net position of business-type activities (which includes the food service fund and child care fund) increased by \$1.1 million or 11.6% from 2012.
- District-wide revenues for 2012-13 totaled \$91.0 million. General revenues in the form of property and other taxes along with state subsidies and investment earnings accounted for \$75.2 million or 82.7% of all revenues. Program specific revenues accounted for 17.3% of total revenues in the form of charges for services, grants and contributions totaling \$15.8 million.
- The Taxpayer Relief Act of 2006, or more commonly referred to as Act 1, subjects Pennsylvania Public Schools to a real estate property tax cap annually. For fiscal year 2012-13, that cap was 2%, or .47 mills. The District increased millage by .35 to 23.66 mills and therefore did not need to include any exceptions approved by the Pennsylvania Department of Education.
- Under the provisions of the Homestead Property Exclusion Program Act and the Taxpayer Relief Act, the School Board passed the 2012-13 Homestead and Farmstead Exclusion Resolution in June 2012 whereby County approved homestead and farmstead property taxpayers received an assessment reduction on the July 1, 2012 real estate tax bills of \$6,113 each, which resulted in a \$144.63 tax reduction per homestead and farmstead. This property tax reduction was the result of the District's allocation of gambling tax funds of \$1,365,983 as well as \$19,332 of Philadelphia tax credit reimbursement funds and remaining undistributed 2011-12 property tax reduction funds of \$142 totaling \$1,385,457 available during the current year for real estate tax reduction.

- Act 1 also requires each school district to offer homestead and farmstead property owners the option of paying the flat rate of their real estate taxes in installments. Act 25 of 2011 broadened the mandatory real estate tax installment option to include small business owners. The District chose to expand the real estate tax installment option to all District property owners effective for the 2012-13 tax year and forward. Therefore, all real estate taxpayers have the payment option of three equal installments due August 31, October 31, and December 31. Approximately 5% of District real estate taxpayers elected the installment method for the 2012-13 fiscal year, consistent with the prior year.
- District-wide expenses for 2012-13 totaled \$83.6 million, of which \$80.0 million or 95.7% was for governmental activities and \$3.6 million or 4.3% related to business-type activities.
- Effective July 1, 2013, the District entered into the Berks County School District Health Trust, a self-insured trust fund in an effort to contain the increasing cost of health insurance. Cost savings related to joining the Trust exceeded \$800,000.
- District-wide salary increases during 2012-13 averaged 2.4%, consistent with that provided in the collective bargaining agreement between the District and the Wilson Education Association covering the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2015.
- The required District contribution to the Pennsylvania School Employees Retirement System (PSERS) increased to 12.36% for 2012-13, with significant rate increases projected in future years. As of June 30, 2013, \$4.8 million of the general fund balance is committed by the School Board to be used toward future PSERS contribution increases.
- As a result of the Board of School Directors decision in March 2012 to close the District's two smallest elementary schools effective at the end of the 2011-12 school year, for a projected annual cost savings exceeding \$500,000, students were redistricted to existing elementary schools for the 2012-13 school year and forward. In a related manner, four additional classrooms were also board-approved to be constructed at the Green Valley, Shiloh Hills and Spring Ridge Elementary Schools to be paid with capital reserve funds. Contracts related to this construction total \$3.8 million, of which \$2.2 million was paid during 2012-13. Construction is anticipated to be completed during the 2013-14 school year.
- In February 2013, the District issued \$9.4 million of Series of 2013A General Obligation Bonds, for which the proceeds were used to currently refund Series of 2008 General Obligation Bonds, realizing a savings in excess of \$290,000. At the same time, the District also issued \$11.1 million of Series of 2013B General Obligation Bonds to finance various capital projects throughout the District, including the renovations and improvements to athletic fields and pool facilities. Athletic field contracts awarded totaled \$7.3 million, of which \$3.5 million was paid during 2012-13, and pool facilities contracts totaled \$7.0 million, of which \$.5 million was paid during 2012-13. The athletic fields are anticipated to be completed during 2013-14 and the pool facilities are expected to be completed by the start of the 2014-15 school year.
- As of June 30, 2013, fund balances of governmental funds totaled \$32.3 million. The general fund balance of \$10.3 million consisted of \$4.8 million in committed fund balance for anticipated increases in PSERS contributions, \$1.2 million in assigned fund balance which

- represents the 2013-14 budgeted deficit, and unassigned fund balance of \$4.3 million. The capital projects fund had \$22.0 million in restricted fund balance, consisting primarily \$9.2 million of unspent bond funds, and \$12.8 million in reserve funds for capital expenditures.
- Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 45 Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits other than Pensions (OPEB), requires the financial statements to reflect an expense and corresponding liability for the normal cost of postemployment benefits (the present value of benefits allocated to the year) and amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Based on an actuarial study performed with the valuation date of January 1, 2012, the present value of the District's postemployment benefits other than pensions was approximately \$1.8 million. The District has not funded this liability, but rather pays these benefits as they become due. Based on an amortization period not to exceed thirty years, the calculated annual OPEB cost totaled \$.8 million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. This annual cost, less the District's actuarial determined contribution of \$.4 million resulted in an additional liability and expense of \$.4 million as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, included in the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, respectively.
- Effective July 1, 2012, the District adopted GASB Statements No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position and No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities, to be in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. These statements establish guidance for reporting deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and net position (no longer net assets) in the statement of financial position, and restricts the use of the term "deferred" only to those items designated as deferred outflows or deferred inflows of resources by the standards. The adoption of Statement No. 65 resulted in the District restating beginning net position as of July 1, 2012 in governmental activities for \$1.1 million for the elimination of net bond issuance costs which no longer qualifies as an asset.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of three parts: (1) management's discussion and analysis, (2) the basic financial statements, and (3) required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District.

The first two statements include two district-wide financial statements that provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial status. The remaining statements are the fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the District – reporting the District's operations in more detail than the district-wide statements. The governmental fund statements indicate how basic services such as regular and special education were financed in the short term as well as indicate future spending plans. Proprietary fund statements offer short-term and long-term financial information about the

activities the District operates like a business, such as food services and child care. Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, such as student activity funds and scholarship funds.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements, as well as provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year. Figure 1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Figure 1 Organization of the Wilson School District Annual Financial Report

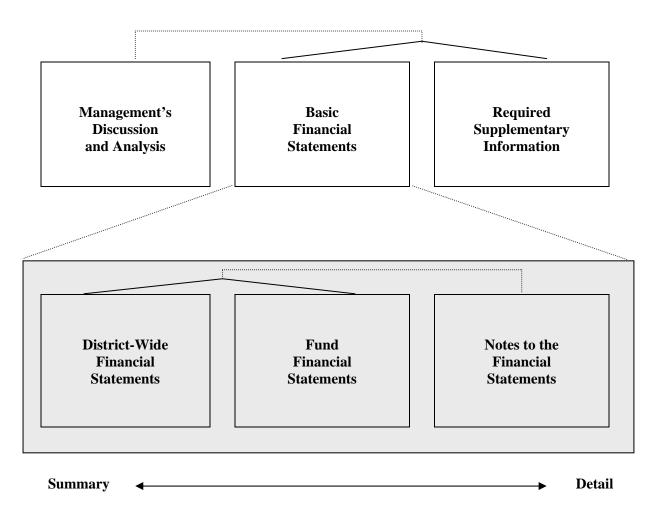


Figure 2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements including the portion of the District activity they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Figure 2

	Major Features	of the District-Wide and Fu	nd Financial Stateme	<u>nts</u>
	District-Wide	Fund 1	Financial Statements	
	Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire District (except fiduciary funds)	Activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as general operating and capital projects	Activities the District operates similar to private businesses, such as food services and child care	Instances in which the District administers resources on behalf of someone else, such as scholarship programs and student activities monies
Required financial statements	 Statement of net position Statement of activities 	Balance sheet Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances	 Statement of fund net position Statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position Statement of cash flows 	 Statement of net position Statement of changes in net position
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, current and noncurrent, and Deferred inflows and outflows of resources	Generally, assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or noncurrent liabilities included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, current and noncurrent	All assets and liabilities, both current and noncurrent; funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can
Type of inflow/ outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

District-Wide Statements

The district-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The Statement of Activities includes all the current year revenue and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents all of the District's assets and liabilities, deferred inflows and outflows of resources with the difference reported as "net position." Over time, increases and decreases in net position measure whether the District's financial condition is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying events giving rise to the change occur, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Therefore, revenues and expenses are reported in these statements for some events that will result in cash flows in future periods: uncollected taxes, accrued interest expense, retirement incentives, and unused sick leave.

Both statements report two activities:

- Governmental Activities Most of the District's basic services such as regular and special education, maintenance and operation of plant services are reported under this category. Taxes, state subsidies, and state and federal grants generally finance these programs.
- Business-Type Activities The District charges fees to cover the costs of business-type services it
 provides. For food service operations these consist of charges for meal purchases, federal and state
 subsidies and in-district catering. The child care program is funded by charges for services and
 state subsidies.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the major individual funds of the District. A fund is a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts used to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular programs. The District's funds are divided into three categories – (1) governmental, (2) proprietary, and (3) fiduciary.

Governmental Funds – Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds that
focus on how money flows into and out of these funds and the balances left at the year-end for
future spending. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed short-term view of
the general operations and the basic services provided and provide some direction as to whether
there will be more or fewer resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's
programs.

Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the district-wide statements, an explanation of the relationship (and differences) between the fund statements and district-wide statements is provided on the reconciliations following the fund statements.

- Proprietary Funds (Enterprise) Services for which the District charges a fee are generally reported in the proprietary fund and utilize the accrual accounting method the same method used by private sector businesses.
- Fiduciary Funds The District acts as a trustee or fiduciary for assets that belong to others, such as scholarship funds or student activities funds. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for the intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. These activities are excluded from the District-wide financial statements since these assets cannot be used to finance the District's operations.

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position contains information about what the District owns, owes, i.e., assets, liabilities, deferred inflows and outflows of resources and the remaining financial position. The following table is a comparative summary of the District's net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012 and June 30, 2013.

Figure 3
Condensed Statement of Net Position

Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2012 and June 30, 2013

	Governmental		Business-Type	•		
	Activities		Activities		Total	
	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013
	(Restated)				(Restated)	
Current and other assets	\$33,001,987	\$44,342,289	\$ 1,226,865	\$ 1,350,861	\$34,228,852	\$45,693,150
Capital assets	177,071,108	180,159,710	148,224	196,517	177,219,332	180,356,227
Total Assets	210,073,095	224,501,999	1,375,089	1,547,378	211,448,184	226,049,377
Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,590,473	2,178,759	-	-	2,590,473	2,178,759
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Current liabilities	9,184,575	11,595,443	119,715	142,137	9,304,290	11,737,580
Noncurrent liabilities	112,772,821	117,169,083	45,550	55,551	112,818,371	117,224,634
Total Liabilities	121,957,396	128,764,526	165,265	197,688	122,122,661	128,962,214
Net Investment in Capital Assets	70,146,725	73,333,663	148,224	196,517	70,294,949	73,530,180
Restricted for Capital Projects	11,813,260	16,541,607	-	-	11,813,260	16,541,607
Unrestricted	8,746,187	8,040,962	1,061,600	1,153,173	9,807,787	9,194,135
Total Net Position	\$90,706,172	\$97,916,232	\$ 1,209,824	\$ 1,349,690	\$91,915,996	\$99,265,922

The District's combined net position increased over the course of the fiscal year by \$7.3 million. The District's governmental activities' net position increased \$7.2 million from the combined result of a .35 millage increase and strong fiscal control over expenditures. Net position in business-type activities increased by \$.1 million which was the net result of child care fund and food service fund income before operating transfers of \$273,000 and \$53,000, respectively, less \$186,000 of operating transfers to the general fund.

The significant changes in current and other assets are related to the increase in cash of \$11.2 million as a result of the 2012-13 excess of revenues over expenses and proceeds of Series 2013B General Obligation Bonds issued, net of bond principal and interest payments and capital expenditures. Capital assets, net of depreciation, increased by \$3.1 million as a result of \$8.0 million of net capital additions related to the new middle school stadium support facility, elementary classroom additions, renovations to the pool and athletic fields and additions to the transportation fleet and other capital equipment, less current year depreciation of \$4.9 million. The overall increase in liabilities is the result of the issuance of Series 2013B General Obligation Bonds of \$11.1 million.

The results of operations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013 as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities. Figure 4 is a comparative summary of changes in net position for the years ending June 30, 2012 and June 30, 2013. Revenues are defined as either program or general revenues. Program revenues are generated by the services themselves or provided externally for use in a particular function. Program revenues reduce the net expense to the public. General revenues include the basic education subsidy provided by the State of Pennsylvania, local taxes assessed to community taxpayers, and other general revenues the District uses to finance the total net cost of programs.

Figure 4 Changes in Net Position from Operating Results

Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2012 and June 30, 2013

	Governmental		Busine	ss-Type			
	Act	ivities	Acti	vities	Total		
	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	
Revenues							
Program Revenues							
Charges for services	\$ 877,523	\$ 1,001,284	\$ 3,315,331	\$ 2,721,809	\$ 4,192,854	\$ 3,723,093	
Operating grants and							
contributions	8,539,485	9,374,051	1,048,039	1,220,291	9,587,524	10,594,342	
Capital grants and							
contributions	1,255,389	1,441,768	-	-	1,255,389	1,441,768	
General Revenues							
Property taxes and other							
taxes levied for general							
purposes	65,112,546	66,621,151	-	-	65,112,546	66,621,151	
Grants, Subsidies, and							
Contributions Not Restricted	8,058,800	8,111,022	-	-	8,058,800	8,111,022	
Other	458,857	692,235	(180,866)	(181,210)	277,991	511,025	
Total Revenues	84,302,600	87,241,511	4,182,504	3,760,890	88,485,104	91,002,401	
Expenses							
Instruction	48,748,698	50,056,794	_	_	48,748,698	50,056,794	
Instructional student support	8,199,603	8,204,517	_	_	8,199,603	8,204,517	
Administrative and financial	0,.00,000	0,20 .,0			0,100,000	0,=0 .,0	
support services	6,493,349	6,416,296	-	-	6,493,349	6,416,296	
Operation and maintenance		, ,					
of plant services	6,700,336	6,586,146	_	_	6,700,336	6,586,146	
Pupil transportation	2,262,270	2,512,273	-	-	2,262,270	2,512,273	
Other	6,373,170	6,255,425	4,002,682	3,621,024	10,375,852	9,876,449	
Total Expense	78,777,426	80,031,451	4,002,682	3,621,024	82,780,108	83,652,475	
Increase in Net Position	\$ 5,525,174	\$ 7,210,060	\$ 179,822	\$ 139,866	\$ 5,704,996	\$ 7,349,926	

Figure 5 Sources of Revenues for Fiscal Year 2013

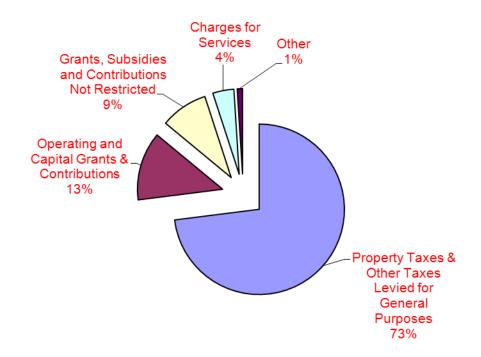
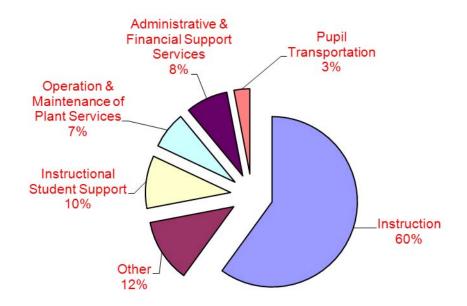


Figure 6 Expenses for Fiscal Year 2013



The District maintained its sound financial position during the 2012-13 fiscal year, from the combined result of a .35 millage increase with a collection rate of approximately 96%, and strong fiscal control over expenses.

Figure 7 represents the cost of six major District governmental activities: instruction, instructional student support, administrative and financial support services, operation and maintenance of plant services, pupil transportation, and other. The table also shows each activity's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities and governmental aid provided for specific programs). For the year ended, June 30, 2013, general revenue supported 85.2% of governmental activities' costs, and program revenue supported 14.8% of governmental activities' costs.

Figure 7
Net Cost of Governmental Activities

Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2012 and June 30, 2013

		Cost		Cost
	of Se	rvices	of Se	rvices
	2012	2012 2013		2013
Instruction	\$ 48,748,698	\$ 50,056,794	\$ 41,870,851	\$ 42,576,610
Instructional Student Support	8,199,603	8,204,517	7,663,599	7,599,396
Administrative and Financial				
Support Services	6,493,349	6,416,296	6,161,141	6,038,521
Operation and Maintenance				
of Plant Services	6,700,336	6,586,146	6,440,555	6,307,912
Pupil Transportation	2,262,270	2,512,273	1,295,581	1,417,159
Other	6,373,170	6,255,425	4,673,302	4,274,750
Total	\$ 78,777,426	\$ 80,031,451	\$ 68,105,029	\$ 68,214,348

Figure 8 represents the total cost and net cost (income) of services in the District's business-type activities. Program revenue supported 100% of both food services and child care activities for the year ended June 30, 2013. The current year net revenue from services of \$.3 million is primarily the result of a 33.1% decrease in child care staffing costs, net of a 11.3% increase in food service fund state and federal grants over the prior year.

Figure 8
Net Cost (Income) of Business-Type Activities

Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2012 and June 30, 2013

		l Cost rvices	Net Cost (Income) of Services		
	2012	2013	2012	2013	
Food Services	\$ 2,673,393	\$ 2,637,485	\$ (25,854)	\$ (49,705)	
Child Care	1,329,289	983,539	(334,834)	(271,371)	
Total	\$ 4,002,682	\$ 3,621,024	\$ (360,688)	\$ (321,076)	

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

The District's governmental funds include the general fund, capital projects fund, and debt service fund. Figure 9 details the current and prior year end fund balances and change therein for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013.

Figure 9 Fund Balances

For Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2012 and June 30, 2013

				Increase
	Fund B	salance	(I	Decrease)
	2012	2013		
General Fund	\$ 10,271,303	\$ 10,271,303	\$	_
Capital Projects Fund	12,870,182	21,985,147		9,114,965
Debt Service Fund	6,933	<u> </u>		(6,933)
Total	\$ 23,148,418	\$ 32,256,450	\$	9,108,032

The District's governmental funds reported combined fund balances as of June 30, 2013 of \$32.3 million which is an increase of \$9.1 million compared to the prior year. This is due primarily to general fund current year excess of revenues over expenditures transferred to the capital projects fund and proceeds of Series of 2013B General Obligation Bonds issued, net of capital outlay related to construction projects and bond principal and interest payments, which are accounted for in expenditures and other financing uses, respectively.

General fund revenues totaled \$87.0 million, expenses totaled \$70.8 million and other financing uses totaled \$16.2 million, which included transfers of \$4.3 million to the capital projects fund for the year ended June 30, 2013. Transfers made from the general fund to the capital projects fund during the year included \$.3 million as part of the millage phase-in for anticipated increased operating costs, \$.2 million of donations and sponsorships for athletic facility upgrades and school board authorized transfer of general fund excess of revenues over expenditures of \$3.8 million for the year ended June 30, 2013 for use in future capital purchases and projects.

The capital projects fund had a \$9.1 million net increase in fund balance, primarily due to transfers in from the general fund of \$4.3 million, proceeds of \$12.1 million from the issuance of Series 2013B General Obligation Bonds at a premium, investment and other income of \$.2 million, net of \$7.5 million of capital outlays related to construction projects and facilities upgrades.

The Debt Service Fund Balance at the end of the prior year was the result of excess cash remaining from the issuance of Series of 2012 General Obligation Bonds. This excess was restricted and used to satisfy debt obligations during the year ended June 30, 2013.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 54 Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, fund balances are required to be classified into the following categories—nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned. As of June 30, 2013, general fund balance of \$10.3 million consisted of \$4.8 million in committed fund balance for anticipated increases in PSERS contributions, \$1.2 million in assigned fund balance which represents the 2013-14 budgeted deficit, and unassigned fund balance of \$4.3 million. The capital projects fund had \$22.0 million in restricted fund balance, consisting primarily \$9.2 million of unspent bond funds, and \$12.8 million in reserve funds for capital expenditures.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

In total, net capital assets increased \$3.1 million as a result of \$8.0 million of net capital additions related to the new middle school stadium support facility, elementary classroom additions, renovations and upgrades to athletic fields and pool, additions to the transportation fleet and other capital equipment, less current year depreciation of \$4.9 million. Construction-in-progress of \$7.2 million as of June 30, 2013 relates to various District projects including the new middle school stadium support facility, elementary classroom additions, renovations and upgrades to athletic fields and pool. Related contractual commitments remaining at June 30, 2013 total approximately \$12.2 million.

Figure 10 Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2012 and June 30, 2013

	Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities			Total		
	2012	2013		2012 2013			2012	2013	
Land	\$ 10,509,771	\$ 10,509,771	\$	_	\$	-	\$ 10,509,771	\$ 10,509,771	
Site Improvements	1,630,256	1,557,133		-		-	1,630,256	1,557,133	
Building and Building									
Improvements	158,339,285	154,704,004		14,923		40,989	158,354,208	154,744,993	
Machinery and Equipment	4,580,998	4,338,873		133,301		155,528	4,714,299	4,494,401	
Vehicles	1,669,979	1,807,673		-			1,669,979	1,807,673	
Construction-in-Progress	340,819	7,242,256		-		-	340,819	7,242,256	
Total	\$ 177,071,108	\$ 180,159,710	\$	148,224	\$	196,517	\$ 177,219,332	\$ 180,356,227	

Long-term Debt

In February 2013, the District issued \$9.4 million of Series of 2013A General Obligation Bonds, for which the proceeds were used to currently refund Series of 2008 General Obligation Bonds, realizing a savings in excess of \$290,000. At the same time, the District also issued Series of 2013B General Obligation Bonds of \$11.1 million to finance various capital projects including renovations and improvements to athletic fields and pool facilities. Bond principal payments for the year totaled \$8.0 million and interest payments totaled \$4.2 million. Compensated absences, which relate to accrued unused accumulated employee sick leave and retirement bonuses, increased by 3% based on service requirement and eligibility calculations as of June 30, 2013.

Figure 11 Outstanding Long-Term Debt

For Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2012 and June 30, 2013

	Total			Change
	2012 2013			
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 106,675,000	\$ 109,660,000	\$	2,985,000
Compensated Absences	978,502	1,009,757		31,255
Total	\$ 107,653,502	\$ 110,669,757	\$	3,016,255

Factors Bearing on the District's Future

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of the following circumstances that may affect its future financial growth.

- Under Act 1, Pennsylvania Public Schools are subject to a real estate property base tax cap of 1.7% for fiscal years 2013-14 and 2.1% for 2014-15. Due to the District's aid ratio exceeding .4 for both the 2013-14 and the 2014-15 fiscal years, the District's millage is limited to a 2.0% and a 2.5% increase, respectively. The District's 2013-14 millage of 24.0 represented a 1% increase. The District's 2014-15 millage is limited to 24.6 mills. If the District anticipates the need to exceed the cap, it must have exceptions approved through the courts or the Pennsylvania Department of Education or seek voter approval. The adoption of the preliminary budget is due February 20, 2014.
- Effective for the 2012-13 tax year and forward, all real estate taxpayers have the payment option of three equal installments due August 31, October 31, and December 31. Approximately 6% of eligible District real estate taxpayers elected the installment method for the 2013-14 fiscal year, 1% over the prior year.
- Contractual commitments related to the new middle school and stadium support facility, elementary classroom additions, renovations and upgrades to athletic fields and pool total approximately \$12.2 million.
- The District's collective bargaining agreement with the Wilson Education Association covering the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2015 provides for average salary increases of 2.5% for 2013-14 and a freeze for 2014-15.
- The required District contribution to the Pennsylvania School Employees Retirement System increased to 16.93% for 2013-14, with significant rate increases projected in future years. The District has committed approximately \$4.8 million of fund balance in the General Fund for future retirement contribution increases.
- Health insurance premiums for 2013-14 increased by 5.5% over the prior year.
- Although the District has continued to experience commercial assessment appeals requesting
 assessment reductions, those appeals have decreased in quantity from prior years and the
 taxable assessed value of real estate is steadily increasing.
- The District is currently soliciting bids for the demolition of its two closed elementary schools.

• The District will be required to implement the following new GASB Statements in future fiscal years: Statement No. 67—Financial Reporting for Pension Plans is required to be implemented by the year ending June 30, 2014. Statement No. 68—Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions is required to be implemented by the year ending June 30, 2015. The District has not yet completed the analysis necessary to estimate the financial statement impact of these new pronouncements.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Office of the Director of Finance, Wilson School District, 2601 Grandview Blvd., West Lawn, PA 19609.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2013

	Governmental Activities	Business- Type Activities	Total
ASSETS	Φ 40.007.404	Φ 4 000 000	A 44 000 050
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 40,307,431	\$ 1,298,828	\$ 41,606,259
Taxes Receivable, Net	1,691,314	(4.4.075)	1,691,314
Internal Balances	14,675	(14,675)	-
Intergovernmental Receivables	2,166,993	21,200	2,188,193
Other Receivables, Net	134,540	2,569	137,109
Inventories	-	42,939	42,939
Restricted Cash	27,336	-	27,336
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:	40 500 774		40 500 774
Land	10,509,771	-	10,509,771
Construction in Progress	7,242,256	-	7,242,256
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation:	4 557 400		4 557 400
Site Improvements	1,557,133	-	1,557,133
Building and Building Improvements	154,704,004	40,989	154,744,993
Machinery and Equipment	4,338,873	155,528	4,494,401
Vehicles	1,807,673		1,807,673
TOTAL ASSETS	224,501,999	1,547,378	226,049,377
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Charge on Bond Refunding	2,178,759	-	2,178,759
-			
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable	3,334,521	25,006	3,359,527
Intergovernmental Payables	568,800	-	568,800
Accrued Salaries and Benefits	6,961,173	28,185	6,989,358
Accrued Interest	594,761	-	594,761
Unearned Revenues	136,188	88,946	225,134
Noncurrent Liabilities			
Long-Term Debt Due Within One Year	7,391,108	-	7,391,108
Bonds Payable, Net	107,098,346	-	107,098,346
Postemployment Benefit Obligation	1,710,980	55,551	1,766,531
Long-Term Portion of Compensated Absences	968,649		968,649
TOTAL LIABILITIES	128,764,526	197,688	128,962,214
NET POSITION			
NET POSITION Not Investment in Capital Assets	73,333,663	106 517	72 520 100
Net Investment in Capital Assets	· ·	196,517	73,530,180
Restricted for Capital Projects	16,541,607	1 150 170	16,541,607
Unrestricted	8,040,962	1,153,173	9,194,135
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 97,916,232	\$ 1,349,690	\$ 99,265,922

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

		Program Revenue				(Expense) Revenue nanges in Net Positi	
			Operating	Capital		langes in rect resid	011
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Governmental Activities:							
Instruction:							
Regular	\$ 36,755,128	\$ 12,861	\$ 3,163,693	\$ -	\$ (33,578,574)	\$ -	\$ (33,578,574)
Special	10,681,418	389,140	3,742,666	-	(6,549,612)	-	(6,549,612)
Vocational	2,401,028	-	75,480	-	(2,325,548)	-	(2,325,548)
Other Instructional Programs	184,960	45,800	16,284	-	(122,876)	-	(122,876)
Nonpublic	34,260	-	34,260	-	-	-	-
Total Instructional Services	50,056,794	447,801	7,032,383		(42,576,610)	-	(42,576,610)
Support Services:							
Pupil Personnel	2,967,137	-	288,728	-	(2,678,409)	-	(2,678,409)
Instructional Staff	4,393,207	-	161,341	-	(4,231,866)	-	(4,231,866)
Administration	5,201,969	-	312,234	-	(4,889,735)	-	(4,889,735)
Pupil Health	670,620	=	155,052	-	(515,568)	-	(515,568)
Business Services	818,884	=	49,270	-	(769,614)	-	(769,614)
Operation of Plant and Maintenance Services	6,586,146	67,252	210,982	-	(6,307,912)	_	(6,307,912)
Student Transportation Services	2,512,273	118,762	976,352	-	(1,417,159)	_	(1,417,159)
Central	395,443	, -	16,271	-	(379,172)	_	(379,172)
Other Support Services	173,553	-	-, -	-	(173,553)	_	(173,553)
Total Support Services	23,719,232	186,014	2,170,230	-	(21,362,988)	-	(21,362,988)
Noninstructional Services:							
Student Activities	1,932,284	327,616	162,605	-	(1,442,063)	-	(1,442,063)
Community Services	81,312	39,853	8,833	-	(32,626)	_	(32,626)
Interest on Long-Term Debt	4,241,829	-	-,	1,441,768	(2,800,061)	_	(2,800,061)
Total Noninstructional Services	6,255,425	367,469	171,438	1,441,768	(4,274,750)		(4,274,750)
Total Governmental Activities	80,031,451	1,001,284	9,374,051	1,441,768	(68,214,348)	-	(68,214,348)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - CONTINUED

For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

		Program Revenue			(Expense) Revenue nanges in Net Positi		
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Business-Type Activities:							
Food Services	2,637,485	1,645,888	1,041,302	-	-	49,705	49,705
Child Care	983,539	1,075,921	178,989	-	-	271,371	271,371
Total Business-Type Activities	3,621,024	2,721,809	1,220,291			321,076	321,076
Total Primary Government	\$ 83,652,475	\$ 3,723,093	\$ 10,594,342	\$ 1,441,768	(68,214,348)	321,076	(67,893,272)
	Taxes: Property Taxes, Public Utility Re	Levied for Genera alty, Earned Incomsiness Privilege Ta	e, Local Services T	ax and	57,792,579	-	57,792,579
	General Purpo				8,828,572	-	8,828,572
	Grants, Subsidies	, and Contributions	Not Restricted		8,111,022	-	8,111,022
	Investment Earnir	ngs			145,886	4,790	150,676
	Miscellaneous Inc	ome			360,349	-	360,349
	Transfers				186,000	(186,000)	
	Total General Re	evenues and Trans	sfers		75,424,408	(181,210)	75,243,198
	Change in Net Po	osition			7,210,060	139,866	7,349,926
	Net Position - Be	eginning - Restate	d		90,706,172	1,209,824	91,915,996
	Net Position - Er	nding			\$ 97,916,232	\$ 1,349,690	\$ 99,265,922

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2013

ASSETS	General	Capital Projects	Debt Service Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 20,317,613	\$ 19,989,818	\$ -	\$ 40,307,431
Restricted Cash	-	27,336	-	27,336
Interfund Receivables	15,941	3,826,423	-	3,842,364
Taxes Receivable	1,833,726	-	-	1,833,726
Intergovernmental Receivables	2,166,993	-	-	2,166,993
Other Receivables	134,540			134,540
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 24,468,813	\$ 23,843,577	\$ -	\$ 48,312,390
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND FUND BALANCES				
LIABILITIES				
Interfund Payables	\$ 3,827,689	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,827,689
Accounts Payable	1,476,091	1,858,430	-	3,334,521
Intergovernmental Payables	568,800	-	-	568,800
Accrued Salaries and Benefits	7,002,281	-	-	7,002,281
Unearned Revenues	136,188		<u>-</u>	136,188
TOTAL LIABILITIES	13,011,049	1,858,430	-	14,869,479
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	1,186,461	-	-	1,186,461
FUND BALANCES				
Restricted Fund Balance	-	21,985,147	-	21,985,147
Committed Fund Balance	4,774,743	-	-	4,774,743
Assigned Fund Balance	1,237,317	-	-	1,237,317
Unassigned Fund Balance	4,259,243			4,259,243
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	10,271,303	21,985,147		32,256,450
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED				
INFLOWS, AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 24,468,813	\$ 23,843,577	\$ -	\$ 48,312,390

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2013

TOTAL FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

\$ 32,256,450

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The cost of the assets is \$238,684,542 and the accumulated depreciation is \$58,524,832.

180,159,710

Property taxes receivable will be collected this year, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds.

1,044,049

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of:

Bonds Payable \$ (109,660,000)
Accrued Interest on Long-Term Debt
Unamortized Bond Premium
Unamortized Bond Discount
Unamortized Bond Refunding
Postemployment Benefit Obligation
Long-Term Portion of Compensated Absences

\$ (109,660,000)
(594,761)
(4,914,189)
22,178,759
(1,710,980)
(1,710,980)

NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

\$ 97,916,232

(115,543,977)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

DEVENUE	General	Capital Projects	Debt Service Fund	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES	Φ 00 000 000	A 470.004	Φ.	0 00 470 540
Local Sources	\$ 69,306,209	\$ 172,304	\$ -	\$ 69,478,513
State Sources	16,578,927	-	-	16,578,927
Federal Sources	1,069,491			1,069,491
TOTAL REVENUES	86,954,627	172,304	-	87,126,931
EXPENDITURES				
Instructional Services	46,157,311	_	_	46,157,311
Support Services	22,630,338	521,561	115,240	23,267,139
Operation of Noninstructional Services	1,968,356	321,301	113,240	1,968,356
Capital Outlay	1,900,550	7,006,832	<u>-</u>	7,006,832
Debt Service	-	7,000,032	-	7,000,032
			7,995,000	7,995,000
Principal Interest	-	-		
Refund of Prior Year Revenues	- 47.074	-	4,214,775	4,214,775
Retund of Prior Year Revenues	17,874			17,874
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	70,773,879	7,528,393	12,325,015	90,627,287
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	16,180,748	(7,356,089)	(12,325,015)	(3,500,356)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from Bond Issuance	_	11,060,000	_	11,060,000
Proceeds from Refunding Bond	_	-	9,415,000	9,415,000
Bond Premium	_	1,074,257	342,210	1,416,467
Payment to Escrow Agent, Refunding Bond	_		(9,495,000)	(9,495,000)
Sale of Fixed Assets	25,921	-	(0, .00,000)	25,921
Operating Transfers In	186,000	4,336,797	12,055,872	16,578,669
Operating Transfers Out	(16,392,669)	-1,000,707	12,000,072	(16,392,669)
operating transfers out	(10,002,000)			(10,002,000)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(16,180,748)	16,471,054	12,318,082	12,608,388
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	-	9,114,965	(6,933)	9,108,032
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	10,271,303	12,870,182	6,933	23,148,418
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 10,271,303	\$ 21,985,147	\$ -	\$ 32,256,450

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

9.108.032

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period:

Capital Outlays	\$ 7,967,236	
Less: Depreciation Expense	(4,878,634)	3,088,602

Because some property taxes will not be collected for several months after the District's year-end, they are not considered as "available" revenues in the governmental funds. Unavailable revenues increased (decreased) by this amount during the year.

(79,467)

Issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. However, neither transaction has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. The effect of these transactions in the statement of activities is shown below:

Repayment of Bond Principal	7,995,000	
Payment to Escrow Agent, Refunding Bond	9,495,000	
Proceeds from Bonds Issued	(11,060,000)	
Proceeds from Refunding Bonds Issued	(9,415,000)	
Bond Premium Incurred	(1,416,467)	
Amortization of Bond Premium	551,512	
Amortization of Bond Discount	(17,746)	
Amortization of Deferred Charge on Bond Refunding	(420,581)	(4,288,282)

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - CONTINUED

For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Interest on long-term debt in the statement of activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recognized as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the statement of activities, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due. The adjustment for interest accrued in the statement of activities compared to the amount paid is shown here.

(140,239)

In the statement of activities, certain operating expenses - compensated absences (retirement bonus and sick days) are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used. This amount represents the difference between the amount earned versus the amount used.

(38,173)

Postemployment benefits are recognized when they are paid on the fund statements. With the implementation of GASB #45, an estimated liability for future benefits due will be phased in over several years. This amount represents the difference between the estimated annual cost and the amount paid as reported in the statement of activities.

(440,413)

CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

\$ 7,210,060

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

June 30, 2013

ASSETS		rprise Fund od Service	•		Totals	
AGGETG						
CURRENT ASSETS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	772,451	\$	526,377	\$	1,298,828
Interfund Receivables	Ψ	(7,305)	*	(7,370)	*	(14,675)
Intergovernmental Receivables		16,546		4,654		21,200
Other Receivables, Net		1,816		753		2,569
Inventories		42,939		-		42,939
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		826,447		524,414		1,350,861
NONCURRENT ASSETS						
Building Improvements, Net		_		40,989		40,989
Machinery and Equipment, Net		117,481		38,047		155,528
macimiery and Equipment, net		,		30,011		.00,020
TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS		117,481		79,036		196,517
TOTAL ASSETS		943,928		603,450		1,547,378
LIABILITIES						
CURRENT LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable		12,850		12,156		25,006
Accrued Salaries and Benefits		9,945		18,240		28,185
Unearned Revenues		59,451		29,495		88,946
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		82,246		59,891		142,137
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES						
Postemployment Benefits		65,248		(9,697)		55,551
1 ostemployment benefits		00,240	-	(3,037)		30,001
TOTAL LIABILITIES		147,494		50,194		197,688
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in Capital Assets		117,481		79,036		196,517
Unrestricted		678,953		474,220		1,153,173
230				,		.,,
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	796,434	\$	553,256	\$	1,349,690

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Enterprise Fund Food Service	Enterprise Fund Child Care	Totals
OPERATING REVENUES Food Service Revenue Tuition and Fee Revenue	\$ 1,645,888 - 1,645,888	\$ - 1,075,921 1,075,921	\$ 1,645,888 1,075,921 2,721,809
OPERATING EXPENSES Salaries Employee Benefits Postemployment Benefits Expense Supplies and Other Operating Expenses Depreciation	962,963 313,808 7,434 1,317,370 35,910	659,289 202,071 2,567 111,899 7,532	1,622,252 515,879 10,001 1,429,269 43,442
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	2,637,485	983,358	3,620,843
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(991,597)	92,563	(899,034)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Earnings on Investments State Sources Federal Sources Loss on Disposal of Assets	2,915 165,602 875,700	1,875 178,989 - (181)	4,790 344,591 875,700 (181)
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	1,044,217	180,683	1,224,900
INCOME BEFORE OPERATING TRANSFERS	52,620	273,246	325,866
OPERATING TRANSFERS OUT	(60,000)	(126,000)	(186,000)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(7,380)	147,246	139,866
NET POSITION - BEGINNING	803,814	406,010	1,209,824
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$ 796,434	\$ 553,256	\$ 1,349,690

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Enterprise Fund Food Service	Enterprise Fund Child Care	Totals
Cash Received from Users Cash Payments to Employees for Services Cash Payments for Supplies and Other	\$ 1,653,111 (1,260,580)	\$ 1,101,425 (871,869)	\$ 2,754,536 (2,132,449)
Operating Expenses	(1,178,788)	(104,144)	(1,282,932)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(786,257)	125,412	(660,845)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
State Sources	176,268	179,395	355,663
Federal Sources	835,053	-	835,053
Operating Transfers Out	(60,000)	(126,000)	(186,000)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	951,321	53,395	1,004,716
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Purchases of Equipment	(38,923)	(52,993)	(91,916)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Earnings on Investments	2,915	1,875	4,790
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	129,056	127,689	256,745
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR	643,395	398,688	1,042,083
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$ 772,451	\$ 526,377	\$ 1,298,828

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS - CONTINUED

For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net	Enterprise Fund Food Service	Enterprise Fund Child Care	Totals
Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities:			
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (991,597)	\$ 92,563	\$ (899,034)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities:			
Depreciation	35,910	7,532	43,442
Donated Commodities Used	125,667	, -	125,667
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:			
Intergovernmental and Other Receivables	86	21,727	21,813
Inventories	1,939	-	1,939
Interfund Balances	12,368	(3,950)	8,418
Accounts Payable	3,440	11,283	14,723
Accrued Salaries and Benefits	2,380	(10,086)	(7,706)
Unearned Revenues	16,116	3,776	19,892
Postemployment Benefits	7,434	2,567	10,001
Total Adjustments	205,340	32,849	238,189
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ (786,257)	\$ 125,412	\$ (660,845)

NONCASH NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES

During the year, the District used \$125,667 of commodities from the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

June 30, 2013

		Expendable Trust Funds Scholarship		Agency Funds Student Activities	
ASSETS					
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and Investments		\$	25,378	\$	144,648
	TOTAL ASSETS		25,378	\$	144,648
LIABILITIES					
CURRENT LIABILITIES Other Current Liabilities				\$	144,648
	TOTAL LIABILITIES			\$	144,648
NET POSITION Held in Trust for Scholarships		\$	25,378		

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

		Expendable Trust Funds Scholarship	
ADDITIONS			
Contributions		\$	20,000
Earnings on Investments			19
	TOTAL ADDITIONS		20,019
DEDUCTIONS			
DEDUCTIONS Scholarships			20,000
Scholarships			20,000
	CHANGE IN NET POSITION		19
NET POSITION DESIGNATION OF VEAD			05.050
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR			25,359
	NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	25,378

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2013

Wilson School District (the "District") is located in Berks County, Pennsylvania. The District tax base consists of Sinking Spring Borough, Spring Township, Lower Heidelberg Township, and a portion of the Wyomissing Borough.

The District is governed by a board of nine school directors who are residents of the school district and who are elected every two years, on a staggered basis, for a four-year term. The board of school directors has the power and duty to establish, equip, furnish, and maintain a sufficient number of elementary, secondary, and other schools necessary to educate every person, residing in such district, between the ages of six and twenty-one years, who may attend.

In order to establish, enlarge, equip, furnish, operate, and maintain any school herein provided, or to pay any school indebtedness which the District is required to pay, or to pay an indebtedness that may at any time hereafter be created by the District, the board of school directors are vested with all the necessary authority and power annually to levy and collect the necessary taxes required and granted by the legislature, in addition to the annual state appropriation, and are vested with all necessary power and authority to comply with and carry out any or all of the provisions of the Public School Code of 1949.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the District (the primary government) and its component units.

The District used guidance contained in generally accepted accounting principles to evaluate the possible inclusion of related entities (authorities, boards, etc.) within its reporting entity. The criteria used by the District for inclusion are financial accountability and the nature and significance of the relationships. In determining financial accountability in a given case, the District reviews the applicability of the following criteria. The District is financially accountable for:

- Organizations that make up the legal District entity.
- Legally separate organizations if District officials appoint a voting majority of the
 organizations' governing body and the District is able to impose its will on the organization,
 or if there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or
 impose specific financial burdens on, the District as defined below.

Impose its will - If the District can significantly influence the programs, projects or activities of, or the level of services performed or provided by, the organization.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2013

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

A. Reporting Entity - continued

Financial benefit or burden - exists if the District (1) is entitled to the organization's resources; (2) is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the obligation to finance the deficits of, or provide support to, the organization; or (3) is obligated in some manner for the debt of the organization.

 Organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District. Fiscal dependency is established if the organization is unable to adopt its budget, levy taxes, set rates or charges, or issue bonded debt without approval by the District.

Based on the foregoing criteria, the District has determined it has no component units.

Governments commonly enter into special arrangements with each other to provide or obtain needed services. A common type of such an arrangement is a joint venture. In addition to joint ventures, governments also enter into contracts to plan for and address certain activities for their mutual benefits; i.e., a jointly governed organization. The District has one of each of these relationships:

Joint Venture: The District is a participating member of the Berks Career and Technology Center. See Note 10 for details of involvement and financial information of the joint venture.

Jointly Governed Organizations: The District is a participating member of the Berks County Intermediate Unit (BCIU). The BCIU is run by a joint committee consisting of members from each participating district. No participating district appoints a majority of the joint committee. The board of school directors of each participating district must approve BCIU's annual operating budget.

The BCIU is a self-sustaining organization that provides services for fees to participating districts. As such, the District has no ongoing financial interest or responsibility in the BCIU. The BCIU contracts with participating districts to supply special education services, computer services, and to act as a conduit for certain federal programs.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2013

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

B. Basis of Presentation - Government-Wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) display information about the reporting entity, except for its fiduciary activities. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. The government-wide statements include separate columns for the governmental and business-type activities of the primary government, as well as any discretely presented component units. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions are reported separately from business-type activities which rely to a significant extent, on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from the legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

Governmental activities are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues while business-type activities are supported by user charges and fees. The statement of activities demonstrates the level to which the direct expenses of a given function to the District are offset by the program revenues related to that function. Direct expenses are those that are directly related to and clearly identified with a function. Program revenues include charges to customers or others who purchase, use or directly benefit from services or goods provided by a given function or grants and contributions that are restricted to meet the operational or capital requirements of a function. Other items not includable in program revenues are reported as general revenues.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are the contributions made to any component units from the District's governmental funds and transfers between governmental funds and business-type and fiduciary funds. Elimination of these contributions would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

C. Basis of Presentation - Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the government's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2013

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

C. Basis of Presentation - Fund Financial Statements - continued

The District Reports the Following Major Governmental Funds:

General Fund: This fund is established to account for resources devoted to financing the general services that the District performs. Intergovernmental revenues and other sources of revenue used to finance the fundamental operations of the District are included in this fund. The fund is charged with all costs of operating the District for which a separate fund has not been established.

Capital Projects Fund: This fund is established to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital equipment and facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

Debt Service Fund: This fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on general obligation debt of governmental funds.

The District has the Following Major Enterprise Funds:

Food Service Fund: This fund accounts for all revenues, food purchases, and costs and expenses for the food service program. The food service fund is an enterprise fund where the intent of the governing body is that the costs of providing food services are covered by user charges and subsidies received.

Child Care Fund: This fund accounts for all revenues and expenses for the child care program. The child care fund is an enterprise fund where the intent of the governing body is that the costs of providing child care services are covered by user charges and subsidies received.

Additionally, the District Reports the Following Fund Type:

Fiduciary Funds: The District's fiduciary funds are trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the district under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore, not available to support the District's own programs. The District's only trust funds are private-purpose trust funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's student activity fund is an agency fund.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2013

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

C. Basis of Presentation - Fund Financial Statements - continued

During the course of operations, the government has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year-end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental and internal service funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus, and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2013

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting - continued

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual and so has been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The proprietary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The trust fund is reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The agency fund has no measurement focus but utilizes the accrual basis of accounting for reporting its assets and liabilities.

E. Budgetary Information

1. Budgetary Basis of Accounting

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the general fund in accordance with the PA School Code of 1949, as amended. Budgetary control is legally maintained at the function level within the General Fund. The PA School Code allows the District board to make budgetary transfers between major function and major object codes only within the last nine months of the fiscal year, unless there is a two-thirds majority of the school directors approving the transfer.

All budget amounts presented in the accompanying financial statements have been adjusted for legally authorized revisions of the annual budget during the year. Appropriations, except unexpended grant appropriations and encumbrances, lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

No budget has been adopted for the capital projects funds.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2013

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

F. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's reporting entity considers all highly-liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

2. Investments

Investments are reported at fair value (generally based on quoted market prices).

3. Receivables/Payables

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the year are referred to as "interfund receivables/payables." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

4. Inventories

On government-wide financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used.

Inventories of the governmental funds, consisting principally of textbooks and instructional supplies, are not valued since it is the policy of the District to charge these items to expense upon acquisition.

Inventories of the Enterprise Fund consisting of food and paper supplies are carried at cost, using the first-in, first-out method. Federal donated commodities are valued at their fair market value as determined by the U.S. Department of Agriculture at the date of donation. The inventories on hand at June 30, 2013, consist of the following:

Purchased food	\$	24,199
Supplies		10,608
Donated commodities		8,132
	\$	42,939
	Ψ	42,33

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2013

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

F. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance - continued

5. Capital Assets, Depreciation, and Amortization

The District's property, plant, and equipment, with useful lives of more than one year are stated at historical cost and comprehensively reported in the government-wide financial statements. Proprietary capital assets are also reported in their respective financial statements. The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs which are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or extend its useful life beyond the original estimate. In the case of donations, the government values these capital assets at the estimated fair value of the item at the date of its donation.

The District generally capitalizes assets with cost of \$1,500 or more as purchase and construction outlays occur. Management has elected to include certain homogeneous asset categories with individual assets less than \$5,000 as composite groups for financial reporting purposes. Assets purchased or constructed with long-term debt may be capitalized regardless of the threshold established. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the asset value or materially extend useful lives are not capitalized. Capital assets, including those of component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method. When capital assets are disposed, the cost and applicable accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in operations.

Estimated useful lives, in years, for depreciable assets are as follows:

<u>Assets</u>	Years
	·
Site improvements	20
Buildings and building improvements	15 - 50
Machinery and equipment	5 - 15
Vehicles	5 - 10

Interest costs incurred during the construction phase of capital assets are capitalized when incurred by proprietary funds and similar component units on debt where proceeds were used to finance the construction of assets.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2013

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

F. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance - continued

6. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category, which is a deferred charge on bond refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *unavailable revenue*, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from one source - property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

7. Unearned Revenues

Revenues that are received but not earned are reported as unearned revenues in the government-wide, governmental and enterprise funds financial statements. Unearned revenues arise when resources are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the respective financial statements and revenue is recognized.

8. Net Position Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied.

It is the government's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2013

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

F. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance - continued

9. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. The District's policy places no restrictions on the order of the unrestricted fund balances used. The order of the unrestricted fund balances used for disbursements is at the discretion of the finance committee or director of finance.

10. Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The government itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. The board of school directors is the highest level of decision-making authority for the government that can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The finance committee or the director of finance may assign fund balance. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or review a commitment.

The unassigned fund balance of the general fund at the end of each fiscal year-end shall not be less than three percent of the following year's projected budgeted expenditures. In any fiscal year where the District is unable to maintain this minimum reservation of fund balance as required in this section, the District shall not budget any amount of unassigned fund balance for the purpose of balancing the general fund budget until this level is achieved.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2013

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

G. Revenues and Expenditures/Expense

1. Program Revenues

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operations or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

2. Compensated Absences

Sick Pay

Under the District's bargaining agreement and plans, certain employees accumulate unused sick days up to a maximum of 25 or 100 days, depending upon employment classification. Upon retirement, professional employees are paid for unused sick days at the rate of \$10 - \$45/day, depending upon employment classification.

Vacation Leave

Unused vacation leave can be accumulated by certain employees up to a maximum of 30 days. Employees may receive full payment for up to 30 days of unused vacation days upon termination of employment or retirement. The District maintains records of all employees' accumulated vacation days.

Retirement Benefits

The District pays retirement bonuses to certain long-term employees based on years of service and employee classification. These bonuses vary from \$200 - \$340 per year for every year of service that exceeds the service requirement. Service requirements vary from 10 to 17 years.

Retirement Incentive

Administrators receive retirement incentives from the District if they meet all of the following requirements: 20 years of employment by the Commonwealth in education, ten years of employment in administration by Wilson School District and have attained at least age 52 before retirement. Incentives range from 5 percent to 15 percent of final base salary based upon certain criteria. The cost of this benefit is recognized as expenditure in the year of termination limited to \$80,000 in any one fiscal year for all administrative retirees. Commencing July 1, 2013, administrators with 20 years of employment by the Commonwealth in education, 10 years of employment in administration by Wilson School District, and retire under the rules of the Pennsylvania State Employees Retirement System will be entitled to a one-time retirement payment of \$1,500.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2013

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

G. Revenues and Expenditures/Expense - continued

3. Proprietary Funds Operating and Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the food service fund are charges to customers for meals and services provided. The principal operating revenues of the child care fund are tuition and fees for services provided. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

H. Other Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

Restricted Cash

Restricted cash represents the balance of two escrow accounts with a financial institution restricted for road improvements related to the new middle school project and for an additional four classrooms to be built onto Green Valley Elementary School as required by agreements with Lower Heidelberg Township.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned. The District does have a policy for custodial credit risk on deposits. At June 30, 2013 the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$28,578,342 and the bank balance was \$28,940,257. Of the bank balance, \$750,000 was covered by federal depository insurance, and \$28,190,257 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and the collateral held by the depository's agent was not in the District's name.

A portion of the District's deposits are in the Pennsylvania School District Liquid Asset Fund (PSDLAF) and are disclosed under investments below.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2013

NOTE 2 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS. CONTINUED

Investments

Under Section 440.1 of the Public School Code of 1949, as amended, the District is permitted to invest funds in the following types of investments:

Obligations of (a) the United States of America or any of its agencies or instrumentalities backed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America, (b) the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or any of its agencies or instrumentalities backed by the full faith and credit of the commonwealth, or (c) any political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or any of its agencies or instrumentalities backed by the full faith and credit of the political subdivision.

Deposits in savings accounts, time deposits, or share accounts of institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation to the extent that such accounts are so insured and, for any amounts above the insured maximum, provided that approval collateral as provided by law, therefore, shall be pledged by the depository.

As of June 30, 2013, the District had the following investments:

	Fair Value	Carrying Value
Pennsylvania School District Liquid Asset Fund (PSDLAF)	\$ 13,225,279	\$ 13,225,279

Although not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission and not subject to regulatory oversight, PSDLAF acts like a money market mutual fund in that its objective is to maintain a stable net asset value of \$1 per share, is rated by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization, and is subject to an independent annual audit.

Interest Rate Risk

The District does have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk

The District has no investment policy that would limit its investment choices to certain credit ratings. As of June 30, 2013, the District's investments were rated as:

	Standard
Investment	& Poor's
Pennsylvania School District Liquid Asset Fund	AAA

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2013

NOTE 2 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED

Concentration of Credit Risk

The District places no limit on the amount the District may invest in any one issuer.

Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral security that are in the possession of an outside party. The District has no investment subject to custodial credit risk.

NOTE 3 - TAXES RECEIVABLE AND UNAVAILABLE REVENUE

Property taxes are levied on July 1 on the assessed value listed as of that date for all taxable real property located in the District. Assessed values are established by the County Board of Assessment. The District tax rate for the year ended June 30, 2013, was 23.66 mills (\$23.66 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation) as levied by the board of school directors. The schedule for real estate taxes levied for each fiscal year is as follows:

July 1 - Full year tax assessed for current year.

July 1 - August 31 - Discount period during which a 2% discount is allowed.

September 1 - October 31 - Face amount of tax is due.

November 1 - January 14 - A 10% penalty is added to all payments.

January 15 - All taxes unpaid become delinquent and are turned over to

the County Tax Claim Bureau for collection.

The District, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, recognized the delinquent and unpaid taxes receivable reduced by an allowance for uncollectible taxes as determined by administration. A portion of the net amount estimated to be collectible which was measurable and available within 60 days was recognized as revenue and the balance reported as unavailable revenue under deferred inflows of resources in the fund financial statements.

The balances at June 30, 2013 are as follows:

		Allowance	Net	Share of		
	Gross	for	Estimated	Taxes	Tax	
	Taxes	Uncollectible	to be	Due to	Revenue	Unavailable
	Receivable	Taxes	Collectible	Municipalities	Recognized	Taxes
Real estate tax	\$ 1,372,401	\$142,412	\$1,229,989	\$ -	\$ 43,528	\$ 1,186,461
Per capita tax	7,602	-	7,602	-	7,602	-
Mercantile/Bus. Privilege tax	166,071	-	166,071	80,200	85,871	-
Earned income tax	240,924	-	240,924	-	240,924	-
Transfer tax	46,728		46,728	<u> </u>	46,728	
	\$ 1,833,726	\$142,412	\$1,691,314	\$ 80,200	\$ 424,653	\$ 1,186,461

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2013

NOTE 4 - INTERGOVERNMENTAL RECEIVABLES / PAYABLES

The following schedule represents intergovernmental receivables at June 30, 2013:

				Proprietary			
Name of Government Unit		General		Food			
		Fund	S	ervice	Child Care		
Commonwealth of PA - Retirement	\$	936,765	\$	166	\$	474	
Commonwealth of PA - Social Security	*	192,882	•	113	*	766	
Commonwealth of PA - All Hazards Plan Grant		4,896		-		-	
Commonwealth of PA - Rental Subsidy		89,139		-		-	
Commonwealth of PA - Transportation		11,562		-		-	
Commonwealth of PA - National School Lunch		-		1,368		-	
Federal Subsidies - Title I		73,150		· -		-	
Federal Subsidies - Title III		5,287		-		-	
Federal Subsidies - IDEA		638,813		-		-	
Federal Subsidies - ACCESS		55,878		-		-	
Federal Subsidies - National School Lunch		-		14,899		-	
School District of Philadelphia		50,981		-		-	
Spring Township		31,962		-		-	
Berks County Intermediate Unit		24,906		-		3,414	
Upper Darby School District		8,765		-		-	
Berks Career and Technology Center		9,351		-		-	
Wyomissing School District		20,939		-		-	
Army JROTC		5,546		-		-	
Sinking Spring Borough		3,067		-		-	
Lower Heidelberg Township		2,704		-		-	
Reading School District		400					
	\$	2,166,993	\$	16,546	\$	4,654	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2013

NOTE 4 - INTERGOVERNMENTAL RECEIVABLES / PAYABLES - CONTINUED

The following schedule represents intergovernmental payables at June 30, 2013:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2013

NOTE 5 - CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2013 was as follows:

Governmental Activities

	Beginning Balance	Increase	Decrease/ Transfers	Ending Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 10,509,771	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,509,771
Construction in progress	340,819	7,006,832	(105,395)	7,242,256
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Site improvements	5,304,811	-	35,891	5,340,702
Buildings and building improvements	203,505,098	646	44,664	203,550,408
Machinery and equipment	6,844,848	393,175	(17,484)	7,220,539
Vehicles	4,408,608	566,583	(154,325)	4,820,866
Total at historical cost	220,063,365	960,404	(91,254)	220,932,515
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Site improvements	3,674,555	109,014	-	3,783,569
Buildings and building improvements	45,165,813	3,680,591	-	48,846,404
Machinery and equipment	2,263,850	660,140	(42,324)	2,881,666
Vehicles	2,738,629	428,889	(154,325)	3,013,193
Total accumulated depreciation	53,842,847	4,878,634	(196,649)	58,524,832
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS BEING				
DEPRECIATED, NET	166,220,518	(3,918,230)	105,395	162,407,683
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES,				
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$ 177,071,108	\$ 3,088,602	\$ -	\$ 180,159,710
Business-Type Activities				
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Building Improvements	\$ 18,285	\$ 27,953	\$ -	\$ 46,238
Machinery and Equipment	982,159	63,963	(8,685)	1,037,437
Total at historical cost	1,000,444	91,916	(8,685)	1,083,675
Accumulated depreciation for:			, ,	
Building Improvements	3,362	1,887	-	5,249
Machinery and Equipment	848,858	41,555	(8,504)	881,909
Total accumulated depreciation	852,220	43,442	(8,504)	887,158
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES				
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$ 148,224	\$ 48,474	\$ (181)	\$ 196,517

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2013

NOTE 5 - CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS - CONTINUTED

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/program of the governmental activities of the primary government as follows:

Instruction, Regular	\$ 3,582,459
Support Services	1,260,793
Noninstructional Services	35,382

TOTAL DEPRECIATION EXPENSE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES \$

\$ 4,878,634

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Bonds payable are as follows at June 30:

General Obligation Bond - Series B of 2013:

The District is liable for general obligation bonds dated February 20, 2013 in the original principal amount of \$11,060,000. Principal maturities occur on May 15, 2014 through the year 2025. Interest is payable semi-annually on May 15 and November 15. Interest rates vary from 1.00% to 4.00%. The proceeds of this bond will be used to finance various capital projects including renovations and improvements to existing school buildings and related facilities, athletic and pool facilities, as well as to pay debt issuance costs.

\$11,060,000

General Obligation Bond - Series A of 2013:

The District is liable for general obligation bonds dated February 20, 2013 in the original principal amount of \$9,415,000. Principal maturities occur on May 15, 2013 through the year 2016. Interest is payable semi-annually on November 15 and May 15. Interest rates vary from 1.00% to 3.00%. The proceeds of this issuance were used to currently refund the outstanding balance on the Series of 2008 General Obligation Bonds as well as pay debt issuance costs. The District realized a savings of \$290,817 as a result of the refunding.

9,140,000

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2013

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - CONTINUED

General Obligation Bond - Series of 2012:

The District is liable for general obligation bonds dated June 25, 2012 in the original principal amount of \$22,025,000. Principal maturities occur on May 15, 2013 through the year 2019. Interest is payable semi-annually on November 15 and May 15. Interest rates vary from 0.80% to 5.00%. The proceeds of this issuance were used to currently refund the outstanding balance on the 2nd Series of 2002 General Obligation Bonds, and advance refund the outstanding balance on the Series A of 2003 General Obligation Bonds and a portion of the Series of 2005 General Obligation Bonds, as well as pay debt issuance costs. The District realized a savings of \$905,748 as a result of the refunding.

18,320,000

General Obligation Bond - Series of 2011:

The District is liable for general obligation bonds dated April 27, 2011 in the original principal amount of \$10,000,000. Principal maturities occur on May 15, 2012 through the year 2019. Interest is payable semi-annually on May 15 and November 15. Interest rates vary from 1.70% to 4.00%. The proceeds of this Bond were used to advance refund a portion of the General Obligation Bonds - 2nd Series of 2002 and a portion of the Series A of 2003, as well as to pay debt issuance costs. The District realized a savings of \$311,317 as a result of the refunding.

6,520,000

General Obligation Bond - Series of 2010:

The District is liable for general obligation bonds dated May 11, 2010 in the original principal amount of \$16,400,000. Principal maturities occur on March 1, 2012 through the year 2023. Interest is payable semi-annually on September 1 and March 1. Interest rates vary from 2.00% to 3.80%. The proceeds of this issuance were used for various capital improvements including the West Middle School and the Transportation Building, as well as to pay debt issuance costs.

16,155,000

General Obligation Bond - Series of 2009:

The District is liable for general obligation bonds dated May 15, 2009 in the original principal amount of \$10,190,000. Principal maturities occur on May 15 through the year 2017. Interest is payable semi-annually on November 15 and May 15. Interest rates vary from 2.00% to 3.00%. The proceeds of this bond were used to currently refund the General Obligation Bonds - Series of 2004 and to pay debt issuance costs.

9,640,000

General Obligation Bond - Series of 2007:

The District is liable for general obligation bonds dated July 15, 2007 in the original principal amount of \$33,550,000. Principal maturities occur on June 1 through the year 2026. Interest is payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1. Interest rates vary from 3.80% to 5.25%. The proceeds of this bond were used for capital improvement projects.

33,385,000

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2013

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - CONTINUED

General Obligation Bond - Series of 2005:

The District is liable for general obligation bonds dated August 23, 2005 in the original principal amount of \$20,550,000. Principal maturities occur on May 15 through the year 2020. Interest is payable semi-annually on May 15 and November 15. Interest rates vary from 2.95% to 5.00%. The proceeds of this bond were used for capital improvement projects and to pay debt issuance costs.

5,440,000

\$109,660,000

The future annual payments required to amortize all bonds payable for the years ending June 30 are as follows:

	Во	General Obligation nds, Series 3 of 2013	General Obligation Bonds, Series A of 2013		gation Obligation Obligation , Series Bonds, Series Bonds, Series		General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2011		General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2010	
2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 - 2023 2024 - 2026	\$	5,000 5,000 5,000 5,000 440,000 4,150,000 6,450,000	\$	1,585,000 3,765,000 3,790,000 - - -	\$ 2,275,000 1,115,000 545,000 75,000 7,025,000 7,285,000	\$	1,875,000 65,000 675,000 1,260,000 1,300,000 1,345,000	\$	120,000 130,000 130,000 65,000 5,000 15,705,000	
Total	\$	11,060,000	\$	9,140,000	\$ 18,320,000	\$	6,520,000	\$	16,155,000	
		General Obligation nds, Series of 2009		General Obligation nds, Series of 2007	General Obligation onds, Series of 2005	L	Total General ong-Term Debt		Total Interest	
2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 - 2023 2024 - 2026		Obligation nds, Series	\$	Obligation nds, Series	Obligation onds, Series	\$	General .ong-Term	\$		

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2013

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - CONTINUED

Long-term liability balance and activity, except for the postemployment benefit obligation, for the year ended June 30, 2013 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities					
General Obligation Debt					
Bonds Payable	\$ 106,675,000	\$ 20,475,000	\$ 17,490,000	\$ 109,660,000	\$ 7,350,000
Less deferred amounts:					
For issuance discounts	(152,456)	-	(26,613)	(125,843)	-
For issuance premiums	4,049,234	1,416,467	551,512	4,914,189	-
Other Liabilities:					
Compensated Absences	978,502	186,609	155,354	1,009,757	41,108
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL					
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES	\$ 111,550,280	\$ 22,078,076	\$ 18,170,253	\$ 115,458,103	\$ 7,391,108

Payments on bonds and notes payable are made by the debt service fund. The compensated absence liabilities will be liquidated by the general fund. Total interest paid during the year ended June 30, 2013 was \$4,214,775.

Defeasance of Debt

During the year ended June 30, 2012, the District issued \$22,025,000 of general obligation refunding bonds to provide resources to purchase securities that were placed in irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for future debt service payments of \$3,645,000 of General Obligation Bonds Series A of 2003 and \$14,470,000 of General Obligation Bonds Series of 2005. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net position. As of June 30, 2013, outstanding general obligation bonds of the District in the amount of \$17,115,000 were considered defeased with a related \$15,767,252 held in escrow funds.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2013

NOTE 7 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS

Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description:

The District contributes to a governmental cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the commonwealth of Pennsylvania Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS). Benefit provisions of the plan are established under the provisions of the PSERS Code ("the Code") and may be amended by an act of the Pennsylvania State Legislature. The plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits, legislatively mandated ad hoc cost-of-living adjustments, and healthcare insurance premium assistance to qualifying plan members and beneficiaries. It also provides for refunds of a member's accumulated contribution upon termination of a member's employment in the public school sector. PSERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements for the plan. That report may be obtained by writing to PSERS, PO Box 125, Harrisburg, PA 17108-0125. The plan is also available on the PSERS website at www.psers.state.pa.us/publications/cafr/index.htm.

Funding Policy:

The contribution policy is set by the Code and requires contributions by active employees and by participating employers. Active members who joined the system prior to July 22, 1983, contribute at 5.25 percent (Membership Class TC) or at 6.50 percent (Membership Class TD) of the member's qualifying compensation. Members joining PSERS on or after July 22, 1983 and who were active or inactive as of July 1, 2001, contribute at 6.25 percent (Membership Class TC) or at 7.50 percent (Membership Class TD) of the member's qualifying compensation. Members joining PSERS after June 30, 2001 and who were active or inactive as of June 30, 2011 contribute at 7.50 percent (automatic Membership Class TD). For all new hires and for members who elected Class TD membership, the higher contribution rates began with service rendered on or after January 1, 2002. Members joining PSERS on or after July 1, 2011 contribute at 7.50 percent (Membership Class TE) or at 10.30 percent (Membership Class TF). Both membership classes TE and TF contain a "shared risk" which allows for an increase in the contribution percentage up to an additional 2.00 percent based on market results.

The contributions required of participating employers are based on an actuarial valuation and is expressed as a percentage of annual covered payroll during the period for which the amount is determined. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, the rate of employer contributions was 12.36 percent of covered payroll. The 12.36 percent rate is composed of a pension contribution, 11.50 percent of pension benefits and 0.86 percent for healthcare insurance premium assistance. The District's contributions to PSERS for the years ended June 30, 2013, 2012, and 2011 were \$5,007,598, \$3,508,398, and \$2,341,617, respectively.

403(b) Tax Shelter Plan

The District has established a 403(b) tax shelter plan permitting the establishment of accounts for school employees to voluntarily set aside monies to supplement their retirement income. All school employees are eligible to participate.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2013

NOTE 8 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description

The District administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan (the Retiree Health Plan). The Plan provides healthcare insurance for eligible retirees and their spouses through the District's health insurance plan, which covers both active and retired members until the member reaches Medicare age. Benefit provisions are established through negotiation with the District and the union representing the District's employees. The Retiree Health Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

Funding Policy

Contribution requirements also are negotiated between the District and union representatives. The required contribution is based on pay-as-you-go financing. For administrators, the District provides full single premium coverage (less active employee co-pay) for medical, prescription drug and dental insurance. Eligible administrators must have ten years of service with the District and 20 years of PSERS service. The spouse must pay 100 percent of the full premium as determined for the purposes of COBRA, if coverage is elected.

Teachers that have reached twenty years of service with the District and retiring through PSERS, the District contributes \$135 per month for medical and prescription drug coverage. The spouse must pay 102 percent of the full premium as determined for the purpose of COBRA, if coverage is elected.

For eligible support staff retired on or before June 30, 2008, the District pays the full single premium for medical and prescription drug coverage. The spouse must pay 102 percent of the full premium as determined for the purpose of COBRA, if coverage is elected.

For support staff retiring after June 30, 2008 and have reached 20 years of service with the District, the District will contribute the full single premium for medical and prescription drug coverage less the copay for an active employee. If the member had reached age 55 and 20 years of service with the District by July 1, 2008 and retires after July 1, 2008, the member contribution for single coverage will not exceed \$50. The spouse must pay 102 percent of the full premium as determined for the purpose of COBRA, if coverage is elected.

For the postemployment benefits mentioned above, if the member does not reach the requirements for the District subsidy but does reach eligibility through PSERS, the member and spouse may continue coverage by paying the full premium as determined for the purpose of COBRA. The duration of all of the District's postemployment benefits mentioned above is until the member reaches Medicare eligibility. Spouse coverage ends at age 65 if the spouse is older than the member. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, the District contributed \$375,120 (as estimated by the actuary) to the post retirement plans related to retirees.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2013

NOTE 8 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - CONTINUED

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation:

The District's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the District's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount of District contributions to the plan estimated by the actuary, and changes in the District's net OPEB obligation:

Annual required contribution	\$	847,106
Interest on net OPEB obligation		59,226
Adjustment to annual required contribution		(80,798)
Annual OPEB Cost		825,534
Contributions made (estimated)		(375,120)
Estimated increase in net OPEB obligation		450,414
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	•	1,316,117
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$ ′	1,766,531

The District's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation as of June 30 was as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Annual PEB Cost	•	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	t Net OPEB			
6/30/2013 6/30/2012	\$ 825,534 750,000		45.4% 58.1%		\$ 1,766,531 1,316,117		
6/30/2011	755,739		53.7%		1,001,655		

Funded Status and Funding Progress:

As of January 1, 2012, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was unfunded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$6,595,790, and the actuarial value of assets was \$0, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$6,595,790. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$35,335,991, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 18.67%.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2013

NOTE 8 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - CONTINUED

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents information about actuarial value of plan assets and actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the January 1, 2012 actuarial valuation, the entry age actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.5 percent investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 7.5 percent initially, decreasing 0.5 percent per year to an ultimate rate of 5.5 percent in 2016 and 5.3 percent in 2017 to 4.2 percent in 2089 and later. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized using single period amortization as of the end of the year based on level dollar, 30-year open period.

NOTE 9 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

The following is a summary of interfund receivables and payables at June 30, 2013:

	Interfund Receivables	Interfund Payables
General Fund	\$ 15,941	\$ 3,827,689
Capital Projects Fund	3,826,423	-
Enterprise Fund - Food Service	(7,305)	-
Nonmajor Enterprise Fund - Child Care	(7,370)	
	\$ 3,827,689	\$ 3,827,689

Interfund receivables/payables consist of shared costs which have not yet been reimbursed as well as the reservation of funds for projected capital needs. All will be transferred within a year.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2013

NOTE 9 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS - CONTINUED

Interfund transfers are summarized as follows at June 30, 2013:

	Operating Transfers In	Operating Transfers Out
General Fund Capital Projects Fund Debt Service Fund	\$ 186,000 4,336,797 12,055,872	\$ 16,392,669
Enterprise Fund - Food Service Enterprise Fund - Child Care	12,055,672	60,000 126,000
	\$ 16,578,669	\$ 16,578,669

Transfers are made to pay debt service and other long-term liabilities, to fund current and future capital outlay, and to cover indirect costs.

NOTE 10 - JOINT VENTURE

The District is a participating member of the Berks Career & Technology Center. The Berks Career & Technology Center is controlled and governed by a joint board, which is composed of representative school board members of the participating schools. Direct oversight of Berks Career & Technology Center operations is the responsibility of the joint board. The District's share of annual operating and capital costs for Berks Career & Technology Center fluctuates based on the percentage of enrollment. The District's share for the 2012/2013 year was \$876,845.

During the year ended June 30, 1998, Berks Career Vocational Technical School Authority issued \$34,850,000 of General Obligation Bonds and lent the proceeds to Berks Career & Technology Center. The proceeds were used to renovate and build an addition to Berks Career & Technology Center's facilities. Each member district adopted a resolution approving the project and the project's maximum cost. Under the amended Articles of Agreement, each member district is required to pay from current revenues its annual share of the sublease rental based on the District's share of taxable real estate to the total market valuation of the taxable real estate of all participating school districts. The District's share for the 2012/2013 year was \$351,800.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2013

NOTE 10 - JOINT VENTURE - CONTINUED

Summary financial information as of June 30, 2012 (the most recent information available) is as follows:

Berks Career & Technology Center (Governmental Activities)					
Total Assets Total Liabilities	\$ 32,341,939 17,942,391				
Total Net Position	\$ 14,399,548				

Separate financial statements of the Berks Career & Technology Center have been prepared and are available.

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Significant losses are covered by commercial insurance for all major programs. For insured programs, there were no significant reductions in insurance coverages of the 2012/2013 year. The District has no unfunded liability.

NOTE 12 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time; although, the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2013

NOTE 13 - COMMITMENTS

At June 30, 2013, the District has entered into a number of contracts related to school expansion and renovation projects. Contracts awarded and commitments outstanding are as follows:

	Contract Amount	Commitment Remaining
New Middle School Elementary Classroom Additions	\$ 48,098,399 3,752,114	\$ 113,709 1,627,680
New Middle School Stadium Support Facility	380,242	163,789
Pool Renovations	7,016,454	6,468,724
Athletic Facilities Renovations	7,326,581	3,849,717
	\$ 66,573,790	\$ 12,223,619

The District intends to use capital projects funds to satisfy the remaining commitments.

NOTE 14 - FUND BALANCE

Details of the District's governmental fund balance reporting and policy can be found in Note 1, *Summary of Significant Accounting Policies*. Fund balance classifications for the year ended June 30, 2013 was as follows:

General Fund

The general fund has committed funds of \$4,774,743 for retirement rate increases, an assigned fund balance of \$1,237,317 representing the 2013/2014 budgeted deficit, and unassigned fund balance of \$4,259,243. The commitment was authorized by the board of school directors' motion to set aside resources to fund anticipated increases in PSERS contributions.

Capital Projects

The capital projects fund has restricted funds of \$21,985,147 consisting of \$9,180,407 of unspent bond funds and \$12,804,740 comprised of unspent cumulative transfers from the general fund authorized by the board of school directors for the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and qualifying capital assets as authorized by Muncipal Code P.L. 145 Act of April 30, 1943.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2013

NOTE 15 - RESTATEMENT OF BEGINNING NET POSITION

Effective July 1, 2012, the District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position and No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities, to be in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

Statement No. 63 establishes guidance for reporting deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and net position in a statement of financial position. The statement provides a framework that specifies where deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, as well as assets and liabilities, should be displayed. The statement also discusses how net position, no longer net assets, should be displayed.

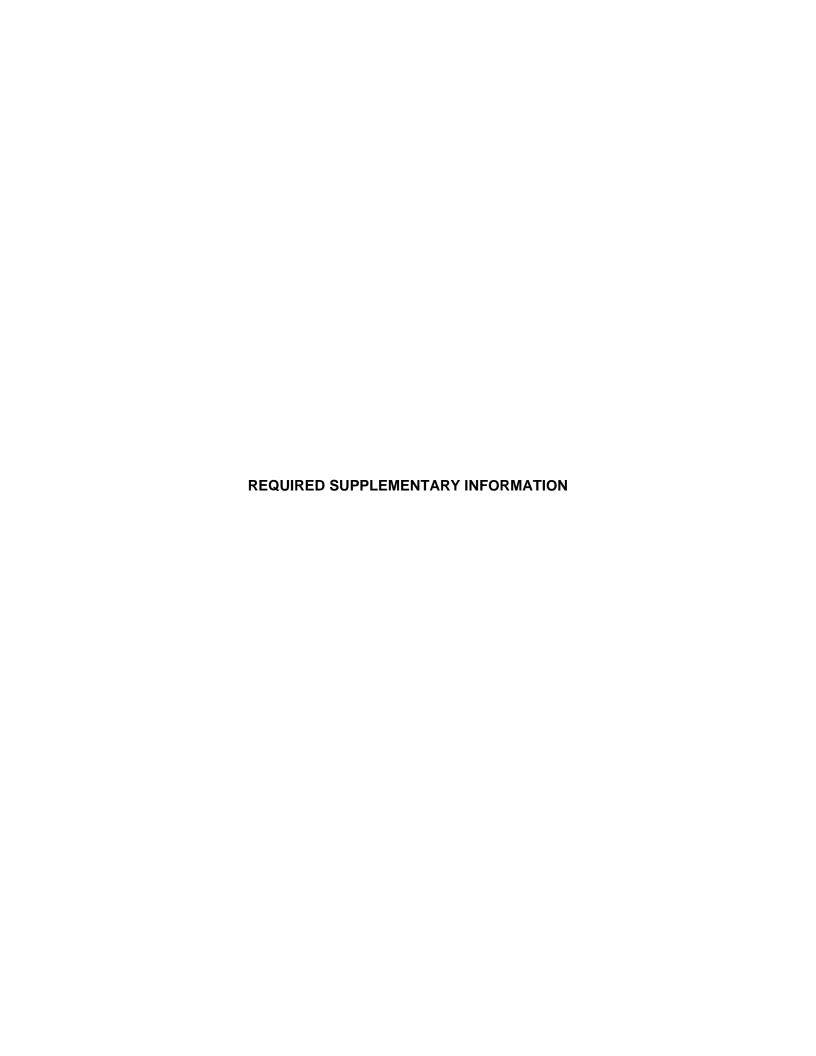
Statement No. 65 establishes guidance to improve financial reporting by clarifying the appropriate use of the financial statement elements deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources to ensure consistency in financial reporting. This statement also restricts the use of the term "deferred" only to those items designated as deferred outflows or deferred inflows of resources by the standards. The adoption of this standard resulted in the District restating beginning net position as of July 1, 2012, in governmental activities for \$1,147,172 for the elimination of net bond issuance costs which no longer qualifies as an asset.

NOTE 16 - NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued the following standards which have not yet been implemented:

- Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, which is required to be implemented
 by the year ending June 30, 2014. The objective of this statement is to improve financial
 reporting by enhancing financial statement note disclosure and required supplementary
 information for government pension plans.
- Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, which is required to be implemented by the year ending June 30, 2015. The objective of this statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by governments for pensions. This statement establishes standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expenditures. This statement also enhances note disclosure and required supplementary information for government pension plans. This pronouncement applies to employers that have a legal obligation to make contributions directly to a pension plan.

The District has not yet completed the analysis necessary to estimate the financial statement impact of these new pronouncements.



BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE GENERAL FUND

REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Original Final (GAAP) Basis Actual REVENUES REVENUES \$67,500,569 \$69,306,209 \$1,805,640 State Sources 16,436,754 16,436,754 16,578,927 1,093,491 (10,306) State Sources 10,797,979 1,079,797 1,099,491 (10,306) (10,306) TOTAL REVENUES 85,017,120 86,954,627 1,937,507 EXPENDITURES - AND OTHER FINANCING USES EXPENDITURES - INSTRUCTION Regular Programs - Elementary/Secondary 33,893,189 33,975,372 32,927,971 1,047,401 Special Programs - Elementary/Secondary 10,786,629 10,788,484 10,619,611 168,873 Vocational Education Programs 2,344,903 2,346,855 2,392,170 (45,315) Other Instructional Programs - Elementary/Secondary 213,818 31,526 34,260 (2,734) Nonpublic School Programs 21,888 31,526 34,260 (2,734) TOTAL INSTRUCTION 47,260,522 47,356,300 46,157,311 1		Budget	ed Amount	Actual	Variances Final to	
REVENUES S 67,500,569 \$ 67,500,569 \$ 69,306,209 \$ 1,805,640	REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Local Sources \$ 67,500,569 \$ 67,500,569 \$ 69,306,209 \$ \$1,805,640 \$ \$16,436,754 \$ 16,5436,754,754 \$ 16,5436,754 \$ 16,5436,754 \$ 16,5436,754 \$ 16,5436,754 \$				(3) 2 3.3.5		
State Sources						
TOTAL REVENUES 1,079,797 1,079,797 1,069,491 (10,306)						
TOTAL REVENUES 85,017,120 86,954,627 1,937,507				, ,	•	
EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	Federal Sources	1,079,797	1,079,797	1,069,491	(10,306)	
EXPENDITURES - INSTRUCTION Regular Programs - Elementary/Secondary 10,786,829 10,788,484 10,619,611 168,873 (2,344,903 2,346,855 2,392,170 (2,734)	TOTAL REVENUES	85,017,120	85,017,120	86,954,627	1,937,507	
Regular Programs - Elementany/Secondary 33,833,189 33,975,372 32,927,971 1,047,401 Special Programs - Elementary/Secondary 10,786,629 10,788,684 10,619,611 168,873 Vocational Education Programs 2,344,903 2,346,855 2,392,170 (45,315) Other Instructional Programs - Elementary/Secondary 213,913 214,063 183,299 30,764 Nonpublic School Programs TOTAL INSTRUCTION 47,260,522 47,356,300 46,157,311 1,198,989 SUPPORT SERVICES Pupil Personnel 2,966,289 2,964,759 2,947,142 17,617 Instructional Staff 4,684,420 4,583,958 4,275,684 308,274 Administration 5,061,446 4,878,322 4,808,919 69,403 Pupil Health 679,783 678,185 665,550 12,635 Business 840,141 834,496 811,850 26,646 Operation and Maintenance of Plant Services 2,399,499 2,389,499 2,389,499 2,389,499 2,389,499 2,389,499 2,389,499 2	EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES					
Special Programs - Elementary/Secondary	EXPENDITURES - INSTRUCTION					
Vocational Education Programs 2,344,903 2,346,855 2,392,170 (45,315) Other Instructional Programs - Elementary/Secondary 213,913 214,063 183,299 30,764 Nonpublic School Programs TOTAL INSTRUCTION 47,260,522 47,356,300 46,157,311 1,198,989 SUPPORT SERVICES Pupil Personnel 2,966,289 2,984,759 2,947,142 17,617 Instructional Staff 4,664,420 4,583,958 4,275,884 308,274 Administration 5,061,446 4,878,322 4,809,919 69,403 Pupil Health 679,783 678,185 665,550 12,635 Business 840,141 838,496 811,850 26,646 Operation and Maintenance of Plant Services 2,389,499 2,389,499 2,389,677 29,822 Central 227,148 405,269 396,485 8,764 Other Support Services 221,128,003 24,026,795 22,630,338 1,396,457 OPERATION OF NONINSTRUCTIONAL SERVICES 2,163,372 2,168,832 1,9	Regular Programs - Elementary/Secondary	33,893,189	33,975,372	32,927,971	1,047,401	
Other Instructional Programs - Elementary/Secondary 213,913 (21,868) 214,063 (31,526) 183,299 (2,734) 30,764 (2,734) Nonpublic School Programs 21,888 (31,526) 31,526 (2,734) 43,4260 (2,734) 1,198,989 SUPPORT SERVICES Pupil Personnel 2,966,289 (2,964,759) (2,947,142) (2,75,684) 308,274 Instructional Staff (4,664,420) (4,583,958) (4,275,684) (308,274) (4,601) (308,274) 4,604,420) (4,583,958) (4,275,684) (308,274) (4,601) (308,274) Administration (5,061,446) (4,767,311) (1,617) (1,6	Special Programs - Elementary/Secondary	10,786,629	10,788,484	10,619,611	168,873	
Nonpublic School Programs	Vocational Education Programs	2,344,903	2,346,855		(45,315)	
TOTAL INSTRUCTION 47,260,522 47,356,300 46,157,311 1,198,989	Other Instructional Programs - Elementary/Secondary	213,913	214,063	183,299	30,764	
Support Services Pupil Personnel 2,966,289 2,964,759 2,947,142 17,617 Instructional Staff 4,664,420 4,583,958 4,275,684 308,274 4,601,420 4,583,958 4,275,684 308,274 4,601,420 4,583,958 4,275,684 308,274 4,601,420 4,583,958 4,275,684 308,274 4,601,420 4,583,958 4,275,684 308,274 4,601,420 4,583,958 4,275,684 308,274 4,601,420 4,583,958 4,275,684 308,274 4,601,420 4,583,958 4,275,684 308,274 4,601,420 4,583,958 4,275,684 308,274 4,601,420 4,583,958 4,275,684 665,550 12,635 4,601,420 4,601,4	Nonpublic School Programs	21,888	31,526	34,260	(2,734)	
Pupil Personnel	TOTAL INSTRUCTION	47,260,522	47,356,300	46,157,311	1,198,989	
Pupil Personnel	SUPPORT SERVICES					
Instructional Staff		2.966.289	2.964.759	2.947.142	17.617	
Administration			' '			
Pupil Health			· · ·			
Business	Pupil Health		' '	, ,	·	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant Services 7,081,557 7,082,557 6,191,478 891,079 Student Transportation Services 2,389,499 2,4026,795 22,630,338 1,396,457 OPERATION OF NONINSTRUCTIONAL SERVICES 2,039,294 2,043,306 1,887,044 156,262 Community Services 2,168,392 2,168,832 1,968,356 200,476 Refund of Prior Year Revenues -	•	•	·	•	·	
Student Transportation Services 2,389,499 2,389,499 2,359,677 29,822 20,148 405,269 396,485 8,784 217,750 205,750 173,553 32,197 TOTAL SUPPORT SERVICES 24,128,033 24,026,795 22,630,338 1,396,457 OPERATION OF NONINSTRUCTIONAL SERVICES 2,039,294 2,043,306 1,887,044 156,262 20mmunity Services 124,078 125,526 81,312 44,214 TOTAL OPERATION OF NONINSTRUCTIONAL SERVICES 2,163,372 2,168,832 1,968,356 200,476 Refund of Prior Year Revenues -	Operation and Maintenance of Plant Services		•	·	•	
Central Other Support Services 227,148 217,750 405,269 205,750 396,485 32,197 8,784 32,197 TOTAL SUPPORT SERVICES 24,128,033 24,026,795 22,630,338 1,396,457 OPERATION OF NONINSTRUCTIONAL SERVICES Student Activities 2,039,294 2,043,306 1,887,044 156,262 Community Services 124,078 125,526 81,312 44,214 TOTAL OPERATION OF NONINSTRUCTIONAL SERVICES 2,163,372 2,168,832 1,968,356 200,476 Refund of Prior Year Revenues - - - 17,874 (17,874) TOTAL EXPENDITURES 73,551,927 73,551,927 70,773,879 2,778,048 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 11,465,193 11,465,193 16,180,748 4,715,555 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Sale of Capital Assets - - 25,921 25,921 25,921 25,921 Transfers to Other Funds 186,000 186,000 186,000 186,000 - - 25,921 25,921	•		· ·		•	
TOTAL SUPPORT SERVICES 24,128,033 24,026,795 22,630,338 1,396,457	•				·	
OPERATION OF NONINSTRUCTIONAL SERVICES Student Activities 2,039,294 2,043,306 1,887,044 156,262 Community Services 124,078 125,526 81,312 44,214 TOTAL OPERATION OF NONINSTRUCTIONAL SERVICES 2,163,372 2,168,832 1,968,356 200,476 Refund of Prior Year Revenues - - - 17,874 (17,874) TOTAL EXPENDITURES 73,551,927 73,551,927 70,773,879 2,778,048 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 11,465,193 11,465,193 16,180,748 4,715,555 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Sale of Capital Assets - - 25,921 25,921 Transfers from Other Funds 186,000 186,000 186,000 - - Transfers from Other Funds (12,176,193) (12,176,193) (16,392,669) (4,216,476,78) Budgetary Reserve (1,000,000) (1,000,000) - 1,000,000 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (12,990,193) (12,990,193)	Other Support Services		•	·	·	
Student Activities 2,039,294 2,043,306 1,887,044 156,262 Community Services 124,078 125,526 81,312 44,214 TOTAL OPERATION OF NONINSTRUCTIONAL SERVICES 2,163,372 2,168,832 1,968,356 200,476 Refund of Prior Year Revenues - - - 17,874 (17,874) TOTAL EXPENDITURES 73,551,927 73,551,927 70,773,879 2,778,048 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 11,465,193 11,465,193 16,180,748 4,715,555 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Sale of Capital Assets - - 25,921 25,921 Transfers from Other Funds 186,000 186,000 186,000 - Transfers to Other Funds (12,176,193) (12,176,193) (16,392,669) (4,216,476) Budgetary Reserve (1,000,000) (1,000,000) - 1,000,000 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (12,990,193) (12,990,193) (16,180,748) (3,190,555) REVENUES AND OTH	TOTAL SUPPORT SERVICES	24,128,033	24,026,795	22,630,338	1,396,457	
Student Activities 2,039,294 2,043,306 1,887,044 156,262 Community Services 124,078 125,526 81,312 44,214 TOTAL OPERATION OF NONINSTRUCTIONAL SERVICES 2,163,372 2,168,832 1,968,356 200,476 Refund of Prior Year Revenues - - - 17,874 (17,874) TOTAL EXPENDITURES 73,551,927 73,551,927 70,773,879 2,778,048 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 11,465,193 11,465,193 16,180,748 4,715,555 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Sale of Capital Assets - - 25,921 25,921 Transfers from Other Funds 186,000 186,000 186,000 - Transfers to Other Funds (12,176,193) (12,176,193) (16,392,669) (4,216,476) Budgetary Reserve (1,000,000) (1,000,000) - 1,000,000 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (12,990,193) (12,990,193) (16,180,748) (3,190,555) REVENUES AND OTH	OPERATION OF NONINSTRUCTIONAL SERVICES					
Community Services 124,078 125,526 81,312 44,214 TOTAL OPERATION OF NONINSTRUCTIONAL SERVICES 2,163,372 2,168,832 1,968,356 200,476 Refund of Prior Year Revenues - - - 17,874 (17,874) TOTAL EXPENDITURES 73,551,927 73,551,927 70,773,879 2,778,048 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 11,465,193 11,465,193 16,180,748 4,715,555 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Sale of Capital Assets - - 25,921 25,921 Transfers from Other Funds 186,000 186,000 186,000 - Transfers to Other Funds (12,176,193) (12,176,193) (16,392,669) (4,216,476) Budgetary Reserve (1,000,000) (1,000,000) (10,000,000) - 1,000,000 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (12,990,193) (12,990,193) (16,180,748) (3,190,555) REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$ (1,525,000) \$ (1,525,000) - \$ 1,525,000		2.039.294	2.043.306	1.887.044	156.262	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES 73,551,927 73,551,927 70,773,879 2,778,048	Community Services		· · ·		·	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES 73,551,927 73,551,927 70,773,879 2,778,048 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 11,465,193 11,465,193 16,180,748 4,715,555 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Sale of Capital Assets 25,921 25,921 Transfers from Other Funds 186,000 186,000 186,000 Transfers to Other Funds (12,176,193) (12,176,193) (16,392,669) (4,216,476) Budgetary Reserve (1,000,000) (1,000,000) - 1,000,000 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (12,990,193) (12,990,193) (16,180,748) (3,190,555) REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES \$ (1,525,000) \$ (1,525,000) - \$ 1,525,000 FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR 10,271,303	TOTAL OPERATION OF NONINSTRUCTIONAL SERVICES	2,163,372	2,168,832	1,968,356	200,476	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES 73,551,927 73,551,927 70,773,879 2,778,048 EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 11,465,193 11,465,193 16,180,748 4,715,555 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Sale of Capital Assets 25,921 25,921 Transfers from Other Funds 186,000 186,000 186,000 Transfers to Other Funds (12,176,193) (12,176,193) (16,392,669) (4,216,476) Budgetary Reserve (1,000,000) (1,000,000) - 1,000,000 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (12,990,193) (12,990,193) (16,180,748) (3,190,555) REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES \$ (1,525,000) \$ (1,525,000) - \$ 1,525,000 FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR 10,271,303	Refund of Prior Veer Revenues			17 07/	(17.074)	
## EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 11,465,193 11,465,193 16,180,748 4,715,555 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Sale of Capital Assets 25,921 25,921 Transfers from Other Funds 186,000 186,000 186,000 1,000,000 Transfers to Other Funds (12,176,193) (12,176,193) (16,392,669) (4,216,476) Budgetary Reserve (1,000,000) (1,000,000) - 1,000,000 **TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (12,990,193) (12,990,193) (16,180,748) (3,190,555) **REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES \$ (1,525,000) \$ (1,525,000) - \$ 1,525,000 FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR 10,271,303	Returna of Prior Year Revenues			17,874	(17,874)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Sale of Capital Assets - - 25,921 25,921 Transfers from Other Funds 186,000 186,000 186,000 - Transfers to Other Funds (12,176,193) (12,176,193) (16,392,669) (4,216,476) Budgetary Reserve (1,000,000) (1,000,000) - 1,000,000 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (12,990,193) (12,990,193) (16,180,748) (3,190,555) REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES \$ (1,525,000) \$ (1,525,000) - \$ 1,525,000 FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR 10,271,303 10,271,303	TOTAL EXPENDITURES	73,551,927	73,551,927	70,773,879	2,778,048	
Sale of Capital Assets - - 25,921 25,921 Transfers from Other Funds 186,000 186,000 186,000 - Transfers to Other Funds (12,176,193) (12,176,193) (16,392,669) (4,216,476) Budgetary Reserve (1,000,000) (1,000,000) - 1,000,000 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (12,990,193) (12,990,193) (16,180,748) (3,190,555) REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES \$ (1,525,000) \$ (1,525,000) - \$ 1,525,000 FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR 10,271,303 10,271,303	EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	11,465,193	11,465,193	16,180,748	4,715,555	
Transfers from Other Funds 186,000 186,000 186,000 - Transfers to Other Funds (12,176,193) (12,176,193) (16,392,669) (4,216,476) Budgetary Reserve (1,000,000) (1,000,000) - 1,000,000 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (12,990,193) (12,990,193) (16,180,748) (3,190,555) REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES \$ (1,525,000) \$ (1,525,000) - \$ 1,525,000 FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR 10,271,303 10,271,303 10,271,303	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers from Other Funds 186,000 186,000 186,000 - Transfers to Other Funds (12,176,193) (12,176,193) (16,392,669) (4,216,476) Budgetary Reserve (1,000,000) (1,000,000) - 1,000,000 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (12,990,193) (12,990,193) (16,180,748) (3,190,555) REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES \$ (1,525,000) \$ (1,525,000) - \$ 1,525,000 FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR 10,271,303 10,271,303 10,271,303	• • •	-	-	25,921	25,921	
Budgetary Reserve (1,000,000) (1,000,000) - 1,000,000 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (12,990,193) (12,990,193) (16,180,748) (3,190,555) REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES \$ (1,525,000) \$ (1,525,000) - \$ 1,525,000 FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR 10,271,303 10,271,303	•	186,000	186,000		, -	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (12,990,193) (12,990,193) (16,180,748) (3,190,555) REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES \$ (1,525,000) \$ (1,525,000) - \$ 1,525,000 FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR 10,271,303 - 10,271,303	Transfers to Other Funds	(12,176,193)	(12,176,193)	(16,392,669)	(4,216,476)	
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES \$\((1,525,000)\) \\$ (1,525,000) \\ \$\((1,525,000)\) \\ \$\	Budgetary Reserve	(1,000,000)	, ,			
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES \$ (1,525,000) \$ (1,525,000) - \$ 1,525,000 FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR 10,271,303 - 10,271,303	TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(12,990,193)	(12,990,193)	(16,180,748)	(3,190,555)	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR 10,271,303						
	(UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	\$ (1,525,000)	\$ (1,525,000)	-	\$ 1,525,000	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR \$ 10,271,303	FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR			10,271,303		
	FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR			\$ 10,271,303		

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS AND EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN

Schedule of Funding Progress Actuarial										
	Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Accrued Liability (AAL) - Entry Age (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b - a)	Funded Ratio (a / b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b - a) / c)			
Governmental Activities	1/1/2012 1/1/2010 1/1/2008	\$ - - -	\$ 6,472,625 5,992,703 5,602,068	\$ 6,472,625 5,992,703 5,602,068	0.00% 0.00% 0.00%	\$ 34,986,866 32,800,618 30,150,998	18.50% 18.27% 18.58%			
Business-Type Activities	1/1/2012 1/12010 1/1/2008	- - -	123,165 174,342 188,561	123,165 174,342 188,561	0.00% 0.00% 0.00%	349,125 299,548 377,765	35.28% 58.20% 49.91%			
Total	1/1/2012 1/1/2010 1/1/2008	- - -	6,595,790 6,167,045 5,790,629	6,595,790 6,167,045 5,790,629	0.00% 0.00% 0.00%	35,335,991 33,100,166 30,528,763	18.67% 18.63% 18.97%			
Schedule of Employer Co	ntributions	Fiscal Year-End	Annual OPEB Cost	Employer Contributions	% of OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation				
		6/30/2013 6/30/2012 6/30/2011 6/30/2010	\$ 825,534 750,000 755,739 719,779	\$ 375,120 435,538 405,599 424,654	45.4% 58.1% 53.7% 59.0%	\$ 1,766,531 1,316,117 1,001,655 651,515				

725,620

369,230

50.9%

356,390

6/30/2009

NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

June 30, 2013

BUDGETARY DATA

The budget for the general fund is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

		Budget	Actual	Variance
6000 Reven	ues from Local Sources			
<u>Taxes</u>				
6111	Taxes, Current Real Estate	\$ 55,800,002	\$ 56,187,763	\$ 387,761
6112	Taxes, Interim Real Estate	350,000	234,448	(115,552)
6113	Public Utility Realty Tax	81,506	83,396	1,890
6114	Taxes, Current, Payments in Lieu of Taxes	1,015	1,015	-
6120	Current Per Capita Taxes, Section 679	123,000	119,426	(3,574)
6140	Current Act 511 Per Capita Taxes	123,000	119,426	(3,574)
6143	Current 511 Local Services Taxes	120,000	112,835	(7,165)
6151	Current Act 511 Earned Income Taxes	5,000,000	5,238,071	238,071
6153	Current Act 511 Real Estate Transfer Taxes	670,000	756,319	86,319
6155	Current Act 511 Mercantile/Business Privilege Taxes	1,800,000	2,398,084	598,084
6400	Delinquent Taxes (All Levies)	1,300,000	1,449,835	149,835
	Total	65,368,523	66,700,618	1,332,095
Other				
6510	Earnings from Temporary Deposits and			
	Investments	175,000	93,814	(81,186)
6700	Revenue from District Activities	282,615	296,255	13,640
6810	Revenue from other Governments	66,109	66,109	-
6829	Revenue from I.U State - Special Education	-	6,699	6,699
6832	Revenue from I.U Federal - Special Education	935,000	907,189	(27,811)
6910	Rental of Facilities	60,000	67,252	7,252
6920	Donation from Private Source	30,000	176,708	146,708
6940	Tuition from Patrons	295,195	449,564	154,369
6950	Advertising Income	21,250	167,625	146,375
6960	Services Provided other Local Gov't Units	100,877	118,762	17,885
6980	Community Swim and Physical Fitness	72,000	55,772	(16,228)
6990	Miscellaneous Revenue	94,000	199,842	105,842
	Total	2,132,046	2,605,591	473,545
	TOTAL REVENUES FROM LOCAL SOURCES	67,500,569	69,306,209	1,805,640
	TOTAL NEVEROLOTROM ESSAL SOSROLO	07,000,000	00,000,200	1,000,010
	ues from State Sources	0.500.005	0.501.005	// -
7110	Basic Instructional Subsidy	6,526,096	6,524,335	(1,761)
7160	Tuition/Court Placed Institutions	185,000	201,372	16,372
7220	Vocational Education	-	57	57
7270	Special Education of Exceptional Pupils	2,070,144	2,115,256	45,112
7310	Transportation	700,004	791,346	91,342
7320	Rentals and Sinking Fund Payments	1,525,193	1,441,768	(83,425)
7330	Medical and Dental Services	113,500	111,633	(1,867)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND - CONTINUED

		Budget	Actual	Variance
7000 Rever	nues from State Sources - continued			
7340	Property Tax Reduction Allocation	1,385,315	1,385,315	-
7360	Safe Schools	-	4,896	4,896
7500	Extra Grants	-	153,179	153,179
7810	Social Security	1,436,000	1,442,054	6,054
7820	Retirement	2,495,502	2,407,716	(87,786)
	TOTAL REVENUES FROM STATE SOURCES	16,436,754	16,578,927	142,173
8000 Rever	nues from Federal Sources			
8514	Title I	429,739	584,792	155,053
8515	Title II	111,873	115,007	3,134
8516	LEP/Immigrant	38,185	39,651	1,466
8810	Access Medical Assistance Reimbursement	500,000	330,041	(169,959)
	TOTAL REVENUES FROM			
	FEDERAL SOURCES	1,079,797	1,069,491	(10,306)
9000 Other	Financing Sources			
9359	Other Enterprise Fund Transfers	186,000	186,000	-
9400	Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets		25,921	25,921
	TOTAL REVENUES FROM			
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	186,000	211,921	25,921
	TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 85,203,120	\$ 87,166,548	\$ 1,963,428

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

		Budget	Actual	Variance
1000 Inst	truction			
1100	Regular Programs	\$ 33,975,372	\$ 32,927,971	\$ 1,047,401
1200	Special Programs	10,788,484	10,619,611	168,873
1300	Vocational Education Program	2,346,855	2,392,170	(45,315)
1400	Other Instructional Programs	214,063	183,299	30,764
1500	Nonpublic Schools	31,526	34,260	(2,734)
	Total Instruction	47,356,300	46,157,311	1,198,989
2000 Sup	pport Services			
2100	Pupil Personnel	2,964,759	2,947,142	17,617
2200	Instructional Staff	4,583,958	4,275,684	308,274
2300	Administration	4,878,322	4,808,919	69,403
2400	Pupil Health	678,185	665,550	12,635
2500	Business	838,496	811,850	26,646
2600	Operation and Maintenance of Plant Services	7,082,557	6,191,478	891,079
2700	Student Transportation Services	2,389,499	2,359,677	29,822
2800	Central	405,269	396,485	8,784
2900	Other Support Services	205,750	173,553	32,197
	Total Support Services	24,026,795	22,630,338	1,396,457
3000 Ope	eration of Noninstructional Services			
3200	Student Activities	2,043,306	1,887,044	156,262
3300	Community Services	125,526	81,312	44,214
	Total Operation of			
	Noninstructional Services	2,168,832	1,968,356	200,476
5000 Oth	er Financing Uses			
5100	Refund of Prior Year Revenues	-	17,874	(17,874)
5200	Fund Transfers	12,176,193	16,392,669	(4,216,476)
5900	Budgetary Reserve	1,000,000		1,000,000
	Total Other Financing Uses	13,176,193	16,410,543	(3,234,350)
	TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND			
	OTHER FINANCING USES	\$ 86,728,120	\$ 87,166,548	\$ (438,428)

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Grantor/Program Title	Source Code	Federal CFDA Number	Federal Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Grant Period Beginning/ Ending Date	Program or Award Amount	Total Received for Year	Accrued or (Unearned) Revenue at July 1, 2012	Revenue Recognized	Expenditures	Accrued or (Unearned) Revenue at June 30, 2013
U.S. Department of Education										
Passed through the State Department of Education:		04.040	40 40 400	07/00/40 00/00/40	f 504.700	6 544.040	•	£ 504.700	Ф 504 700	6 70.450
Title I - Grants to Local Education Agencies - Basic	:	84.010	13-13-490	07/02/12-09/30/13	\$ 584,792	\$ 511,642	\$ -	\$ 584,792	\$ 584,792	\$ 73,150
Title I - Grants to Local Education Agencies - Basic Total Title I	ı	84.010	13-12-490	07/25/11-09/30/12	425,495	48,396 560,038	48,396 48,396	584,792	584,792	73,150
Total Tide I						300,030	40,550	304,732	304,732	73,130
Title II(a) Improving Teacher Quality	1	84.367	020-13-490	07/02/12-09/30/13	115,007	115,007	-	115,007	115,007	-
Title II(a) Improving Teacher Quality	I	84.367	020-12-490	07/25/11-09/30/12	111,873	6,810	6,810	-	-	-
Total Title II						121,817	6,810	115,007	115,007	
Title III Language Instructional LEP	1	84.365	010-13-490	07/02/12-09/30/13	39,651	34,364	_	39,651	39,651	5,287
Title III Language Instructional LEP	i	84.365	010-13-490	07/02/12-09/30/13	38,185	20,337	20,337	39,031	39,031	5,207
Total Title III	•	01.000	010 12 100	07720711 00700712	00,100	54.701	20,337	39,651	39,651	5.287
						- 1,1 - 1			,	-,
ARRA Education Jobs Fund	1	84.410	140-11-0147	07/01/11-06/30/12	7,358	7,358	7,358	-	-	-
Passed through the Berks County Intermediate Unit: IDEA Cluster										
IDEA - B Special Education Grants to States	I	84.027	62-013-14	07/01/12-06/30/13	913,888	262,356	-	901,169	901,169	638,813
IDEA - B Special Education Grants to States	I	84.027	62-012-14	07/01/11-06/30/12	960,013	244,391	244,391	, <u>-</u>	, <u>-</u>	· -
Section 619 IDEA - B Special Education Grants to States	1	84.173	N/A	07/01/12-06/30/13	6,020	6,020	-	6,020	6,020	-
Total IDEA Cluster						512,767	244,391	907,189	907,189	638,813
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION						1,256,681	327,292	1,646,639	1,646,639	717,250
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services										
Passed through the Pennsylvania Department of Welfare										
Medical Reimbursement for Administration, Revenue Code 8820	I	93.778	44-008514	07/01/12-06/30/13	9,905	5,331	-	9,905	9,905	4,574
U.S. Department of Agriculture Child Nutrition Cluster										
Passed through the State Department of Education:										
National School Lunch Program	I	10.555	N/A	07/01/12-06/30/13	N/A	667,000	-	679,977	679,977	12,977
National School Lunch Program	!	10.555	N/A	07/01/11-06/30/12	N/A	87,967	87,967			-
School Breakfast Program	!	10.553	N/A	07/01/12-06/30/13	N/A	68,135	-	70,057	70,057	1,922
School Breakfast Program	ı	10.553	N/A	07/01/11-06/30/12	N/A	11,953	11,953	-	-	-
Passed through the PA Department of Agriculture: National School Lunch Program	1	10.555	N/A	07/01/12-06/30/13	N/A	130,156	(3,643)	125,667	125,667	(8,132)
TOTAL CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER AND U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE						965,211	96,277	875,701	875,701	6,767
AND GIOLDEI PARTIMENT OF ACROCKTORE						555,211	00,211	0,0,,01	0,0,,01	5,757
TOTAL FEDERAL AWARDS						\$ 2,227,223	\$ 423,569	\$ 2,532,245	\$ 2,532,245	\$ 728,591

Source Codes: I = Indirect, D = Direct

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

NOTE 1 - BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented using the accrual basis of accounting, which is the same basis used for the basic financial statements.

NOTE 2 - FOOD COMMODITIES

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. At June 30, 2013, the District had \$8,132 of food commodity inventory.



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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting
and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of
Financial Statements Performed in Accordance
with Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of School Directors Wilson School District West Lawn, Pennsylvania

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Wilson School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Wilson School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 5, 2013.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Wilson School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Wilson School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Wilson School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Wilson School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Reading, Pennsylvania

Herlien + Company, Inc.

November 5, 2013



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<u>Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance For Each Major Program</u> and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133

To the Board of School Directors Wilson School District West Lawn, Pennsylvania

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Wilson School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Wilson School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2013. Wilson School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Wilson School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Wilson School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Wilson School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Wilson School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2013.



Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Wilson School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Wilson School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Wilson School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Reading, Pennsylvania November 5, 2013

Herlien + Company, Inc.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

occion i canimal o	. Additor o Roodito					
Financial Statements						
Type of auditor's report Internal control over fina	<u>Unmodified</u>					
Material weakness (e		yes	Χ	_no		
material weakne		yes	Χ	_none reported		
Noncompliance materia	I to financial statements noted?	yes	Χ	_no		
Federal Awards						
Internal Control over ma Material weakness (e Significant deficiency)	yes _	X	_no			
material weakne		yes	Х	none reported		
Type of auditor's report major programs:	issued on compliance for	Unmodified				
	osed that are required to be be with Circular A-133, Section .510(a)?	yes	X	_no		
Identification of major <u>p</u>	rogram(s):					
CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster					
84.010	Title I – Grants to Local Education Ager	ncies - Basic				
84.367	Title II(a) – Improving Teacher Quality					
Dollar threshold used to B programs:	o distinguish between Type A and Type	\$300.000				

X yes no

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

There were no financial statement findings.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

There were no federal award findings or questioned costs reported.

STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

There were no federal award findings or questioned costs reported.